

BESRA

THIRD QUARTER REPORT

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2014





Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the financial results of Besra Gold Inc. (the "Company" or "Besra") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") has been prepared for the three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and should be read in conjunction with the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes, prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting, and the annual financial statements for the financial year ended June 30, 2013. This discussion covers the three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and the subsequent period to May 14, 2014.

Other pertinent information on the Company is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com and on EDGAR at www.sec.gov/edgar as well as on the Company's web site at www.besra.com. Besra is listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol BEZ and on the Australian Securities Exchange under the symbol BEZ and trades on the OTCQX Bulletin Board ("OTCQX"), an over-the-counter market in the United States under the symbol BSRAF. For the purpose of preparing our MD&A, the Company considers the materiality of information. Information is considered material if: (i) such information results in, or would reasonably be expected to result in, a significant change in the market price or value of our shares; (ii) there is a substantial likelihood that a reasonable investor would consider it important in making an investment decision; or (iii) it would significantly alter the total mix of information available to investors. We evaluate materiality with reference to all relevant circumstances. All dollar amounts are stated in United States ("US") dollars unless otherwise indicated.

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Introduction

Q3 2014 sees us announcing another round of what can only be described as miserable results due to our on-going struggle to maintain our business in the incredibly difficult environment of Vietnam. At times it seemed that for every hurdle we cleared, another was being thrown up to slow our recovery.

Notwithstanding this, the government of Vietnam has assured us that we have their full support - support that exists from the Office of the Prime Minister to the Provincial Peoples' Committee. This was evident in the recent repeal of the \$12 million export tax assessment against our operating companies there. Common sense prevailed, but only after a year of extremely difficult operating conditions, the negative effects of which are still being felt. We are still sometimes confounded by determinations by mid-level bureaucrats with little or no understanding of our business that end up costing us significant time and money.

As a result of another difficult quarter, we are again revising down our production forecast for the year from 40-45,000 ozs to 31-34,000 ozs.

It is worth noting that this quarter spanned the Tet (Vietnamese New Year) holiday period, which meant we lost two weeks of production, and despite significant and ongoing cost reductions, all-in sustaining cost per ounce increased due to fixed costs being spread over fewer ounces.

On more than one occasion we have been asked whether it would not have been better to close up shop in Vietnam until the situation improved, but we made the decision that it was better to maintain a production base, albeit a small one. Not producing gold and maintaining assets would have had its own costs which we would have had difficulty funding and would inevitably have led to the loss of those assets.

As you'll see from the attached report, some things have been going our way. We've been able to raise some funds to maintain operations, had our export licenses renewed, and of course secured the aforementioned repeal of the export tax assessment. We are also progressing with our insurance and tax relief claims on Bong Mieu and Phuoc Son damage and business interruption.

Importantly, we are in advanced negotiations on a range of capital raising options, both for easing the current liquidity issues and also the funding of our Bau project in Malaysia.

Bau continues to be the shining light at the end of the tunnel, and we are very hopeful of making an announcement soon on the commencement of development there, once project financing is complete.

John A. G. Seton
Chief Executive Officer

Q3 2014 Highlights

The following are a selection of highlights for the quarter ended March 31, 2014. Further information about Besra can be found on the Company's website and/or at www.sedar.com

- Issued secured promissory notes in the amount of US\$444,889
- Continued severe liquidity issues, and related legal actions
- Ongoing discussions for new financings
- Received Notice to Cure from 9% Note holders
- Granted a renewal of its annual license to export gold from Vietnam
- Released an updated Feasibility Study for Stage 1 of its Bau Gold Project which details significantly improved financial data from an already promising project
- Secured a repeal of all export tax assessments totaling \$12 million against Bong Mieu Gold Mining Company and Phuoc Son Gold Company

2014 Outlook

- Raise additional capital to ease the Company's liquidity problems
- Commence development of Bau when financing complete
- Recommence production at Bong Mieu
- Settlement of insurance claim on Bong Mieu and Phuoc Son damage & Bong Mieu business interruption
- Obtain tax relief at Bong Mieu and Phuoc Son pursuant to typhoon-relief measure.

2014 Production Guidance

	Phuoc Son	Bong Mieu	Total
Gold (oz) - revised (Q3)	24,000-26,000	7,000-8,000	31,000-34,000

- Production guidance was revised again in Q3 2014 due to lower production at Phuoc Son plant and continued halt of operations at Bong Mieu due to typhoon damage
- Gold price is assumed to remain volatile

Material Uncertainty as to Going Concern

During the three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014, the Group incurred a net loss of \$8,542,046 and \$47,358,233. As at March 31, 2014 the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by \$43,312,194 and contractual commitments amounted to \$14,569,361. As a result, there is a substantial doubt regarding the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern depends upon its ability to resume profitable operations, dispose assets and to access public debt or equity capital in the ordinary course. No assurance can be given that such capital will be available at all or on terms acceptable to the Company. These Interim Financial Statements were prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost basis, less impairment charges and some fair value adjustments, which assumes the Company will continue its operations for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities and commitments in the ordinary course of business. Refer to Note 3 of the Interim Financial Statements as at March 31, 2014 for further details.

Summary of Operations

	Three months ended		Diff	Nine months ended		Diff
	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013	(%)	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013	(%)
Financial data (\$)						
Sales	4,860,507	19,812,500	(75)	38,869,318	60,528,213	(36)
Costs of sales	5,643,429	10,747,697	(47)	36,979,575	30,385,987	22
Gross margin	(782,922)	9,064,803	(109)	1,889,743	30,142,226	(94)
(Losses) earnings before finance costs, income tax, depreciation, amortization and impairment	(3,277,155)	3,428,536	(196)	(10,345,530)	12,446,922	(183)
Non-IFRS Measures						
Costs of sales (IFRS)	5,643,429	10,747,697	(47)	36,979,575	30,385,987	22
Gold sold (oz)	4,020	12,200	(67)	30,604	36,395	(16)
Operating cash cost per ounce sold⁽¹⁾	1,404	881	59	1,208	835	45
Total production costs	5,725,103	13,053,149	(56)	30,936,059	36,287,702	(15)
Gold produced (oz)	3,943	13,589	(71)	25,918	41,706	(38)
Operating cash costs per ounce produced⁽²⁾	1,452	961	51	1,194	870	37
All-in sustaining costs⁽³⁾	2,085	1,453	43	1,728	1,359	27
Operating data						
Ore milled (tonnes)	43,430	151,390	(71)	302,814	367,836	(18)
Recovery (%)	91%	92%	(1)	89%	91%	(2)
Grade (g/t Au)	3.10	3.05	2	2.99	3.87	(23)
Average realized price	1,209	1,624	(26)	1,270	1,663	(24)

1. Operating cash cost per ounce sold includes mine site operating costs including mining, processing and refining, and inventory adjustments, but is exclusive of royalties, environmental fees, amortization and exploration costs. Refer to the Non-IFRS Measures section of the Company's MD&A.
2. Operating cash cost per ounce produced includes mine site operating costs including mining, processing and refining, but is exclusive of inventory adjustments, royalties, environmental fees, export tax, amortization and exploration costs. Refer to the Non-IFRS Measures section of the Company's MD&A.
3. All-in sustaining costs include all cash operating costs per ounce sold including a portion of corporate administration, sales based taxes and government fees and levies. It includes an annualized estimate of sustaining capital and exploration expenditure. It excludes corporate income tax, reclamation and remediation costs. Refer to the Non-IFRS Measures section of the Company's MD&A.

PHUOC SON GOLD PROJECT

Results of Operations

	3 months		Diff	3 months	Diff	Nine months ended		Diff
	Dec 31, 2013	Mar 31, 2014	(%)	Mar 31, 2013	(%)	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013	(%)
Financial Data (\$)								
Gold sales	7,373,514	4,860,507	(34)	13,869,750	(65)	26,926,358	43,319,059	(38)
Cost of sales	9,763,795	5,643,429	(42)	6,392,812	(12)	27,146,801	20,167,300	35
Royalties	1,538,045	734,343	(52)	1,782,582	(59)	4,576,005	6,416,424	(29)
Environment fees	665,177	373,147	(44)	866,376	(57)	2,029,163	2,035,817	n/a
Depreciation and amortization	2,707,316	964,076	(64)	3,411,892	(72)	6,970,181	10,136,576	(31)
(Losses) earnings from mine operations	(7,300,819)	(2,854,488)	(61)	1,416,088	(302)	(13,795,792)	4,562,942	(402)
Operating Data								
Ore milled (tonnes)	80,171	43,430	(46)	97,907	(56)	221,238	239,421	(8)
Grade (g/t Au)	2.68	3.11	16	3.3	(6)	2.98	4.11	(27)
Mill recoveries (%)	86	91	6	94	(3)	89	94	(5)
Realized gold price	1,301	1,209	(7)	1,622	(25)	1,187	1,666	(29)
Gold produced (oz)	5,605	3,943	(30)	9,717	(59)	18,942	29,723	(36)
Cash operating cost per ounce produced⁽¹⁾	1,506	1,452	(4)	911	59	1,273	822	55
Ounces sold (oz)	5,667	4,020	(29)	8,550	(53)	22,685	26,003	(13)
Cash operating cost per ounce sold⁽²⁾	1,723	1,404	(19)	748	88	1,197	776	54
Total all-in sustaining costs per ounce sold⁽³⁾	2,208	2,085	(6)	1,448	44	1,872	1,357	38
Cost of sales (IFRS)	9,763,795	5,643,429	(42)	6,392,812	(12)	27,146,801	20,167,300	35
Inventory adjustment	(1,321,414)	81,674	n/a	2,458,099	n/a	(3,035,465)	4,265,206	n/a
Total costs of ore produced	8,442,381	5,725,103	(32)	8,850,911	(35)	24,111,336	24,432,506	(1)
Costs per Tonne of Ore								
Mining	38.90	53.16	37	40.02	33	41.30	41.90	(1)
Processing	43.77	49.31	13	32.83	50	43.22	36.23	19
Mine Overheads	19.08	21.10	11	16.11	31	17.54	19.24	(9)
Total cost per tonne of ore	101.75	123.57	21	88.96	39	102.06	97.37	5

1. Operating cash cost per ounce sold includes mine site operating costs including mining, processing and refining, and inventory adjustments, but is exclusive of royalties, environmental fees, amortization and exploration costs. Refer to the Non-IFRS Measures section of the Company's MD&A.
2. Operating cash cost per ounce produced includes mine site operating costs including mining, processing and refining, but is exclusive of inventory adjustments, royalties, environmental fees, export tax, amortization and exploration costs. Refer to the Non-IFRS Measures section of the Company's MD&A.
3. All-in sustaining costs include all cash operating costs per ounce sold including a portion of corporate administration, sales based taxes and government fees and levies. It includes an annualized estimate of sustaining capital and exploration expenditure. It excludes corporate income tax, reclamation and remediation costs. Refer to the Non-IFRS Measures section of the Company's MD&A.

(\$) As at	Mar 31, 2014	Jun 30, 2013
Net deferred exploration and development	—	8,243,659
Property, plant and equipment	4,836,275	15,635,904

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
(\$)	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013
Spending on exploration and development activities	251,499	1,278,622	1,415,467	3,466,547
Expenditure on property, plant and equipment	—	319,369	1,743,224	607,276

Production and Operating Statistical Results

Phuoc Son Process Plant

Vein continuity and grade distribution are fluctuating significantly at Levels 4 and 5. This is dictating a mining method change to more manual labor intensive methods and production is suffering as a result. As well, the deferment of capital development for the past 9 months

has reduced open stopes to those with a lower than planned grade. In January we commenced limited back filling again for pillar recovery and this has resulted in improving performance from the mine in March 2014.

A hiring and training & development program for local drillers and miners is underway as well. The mine maintenance contractor has been replaced with our own national employees and approximately 85% of the expatriate work force has been laid off as a part of a larger cost cutting strategy.

Management has assessed indicators of impairment related to the Phuoc Son project and its associated assets and used a discounted cash flow model to calculate the value in use. The impairment charge in the amount of \$15.4m and \$1.7m was recognized during the quarters ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2014, respectively, on assets associated with the Bai Dat and Bai Go projects at Phuoc Son. The assessment of an exact terminal value of property, plant and equipment amount related to Phuoc Son assets will be finalised during the next quarter ending June 30, 2014 and an adjustment to the above impairment charge if material will be recorded.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2014 the plant milled 43,430 tonnes at 3.11 g/t Au, with 91 percent recovery (three months ended March 31, 2013 - 97,907 tonnes at 3.30 g/t Au, with 94 percent recovery). The 59% decrease in gold production compared to the same quarter last year was mainly due to the 56% decrease in milled tonnes, 6% decrease in grade and 3% decrease of mill recovery. The milled tonnes in this reporting quarter were affected by the reduction in open stopes and a two-week plant shutdown over the Tet holiday period in early February 2014. The year to date 36% decrease in gold production compared to the same period last year was mainly due to the 27% decrease in feed grade attributed to grade achieved from the Bai Go mine being lower than anticipated, as well as 8% decrease in tonnes milled and 5% decrease of mill recovery.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2014 costs per tonne mined and milled have increased to \$123.57 compared with \$101.75 in the quarter ended December 31, 2013 and \$88.96 in the same comparative period ended March 31, 2013. Mining cost per tonne was \$53.16 in the third quarter of 2014, a 33% increase from \$40.02 in the same quarter last year, as a result of reduced tonnes mined, and the increase in cost of explosives utilising in mining already imported and more expensive powergel instead of Anfo. Processing costs per tonne of ore were \$49.31 in the third quarter of 2014, a 50% increase compared to the same quarter last year. A large portion of processing costs are fixed costs regardless of the plant not producing at its full capacity. The increase in processing costs per tonne of ore this quarter was a result of lower tonnages carrying the same fixed processing cost. Overhead costs per tonne of ore in the third quarter ended March 31, 2014 increased 11% and 31% relative to last quarter and the same comparable quarter last year, respectively, as a result of larger portion of shared service costs are allocated to Phuoc Son due to temporary closure of Bong Mieu, and due to lower tonnages applied to a largely fixed overhead costs.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2014 costs per tonne mined and milled have been increased to \$102.06 compared with \$97.37 in the same period ended March 31, 2013. Mining cost per tonne reduced by 1% as a result of decrease in fuel consumed and more efficient maintenance of the underground fleet. Processing costs per tonne of ore increased by 19% attributable to high costs for equipment parts and steel balls. These increases were principally due to the import restrictions from the first quarter which necessitated sourcing of inferior quality materials locally at a higher overall cost. Overhead costs per tonne of ore in the nine months ended March 31, 2014 decreased by 9% relative to the same comparable period last year as a result of significant cost savings achieved on transportation, catering and housekeeping in the reporting period.

Work continued on renegotiating all supply contracts.

Exploration Report

Phuoc Son Gold Project

Bai Dat

No current exploration.

Dak Sa Peripheral

No current exploration.

Outlook to June 30, 2014

- Increase tonnage to planned levels
- Develop Bai Dat to Level 7
- Construction to increase capacity of Dam 2A and 2B

- Commence application for new tailings dam in Phuoc Son
- Continue cost reduction plans
- Obtain exploration licenses for the Dak Sa and peripheral prospect areas
- Continue knowledge transfer from expatriate to local staff through training and development

BONG MIEU GOLD PROJECT

Results of Operations and Exploration Update

	3 months		3 months	Nine months ended		Diff
	Dec 31, 2013	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013	(%)
Financial Data (\$)						
Gold sales	6,418,388	—	5,942,750	11,942,960	17,209,154	(31)
Cost of sales	6,198,257	—	4,354,885	9,832,774	10,218,687	(4)
Royalties	157,308	—	167,847	310,537	528,758	(41)
Environment fees	203,140	—	294,652	512,310	861,735	(41)
Depreciation and amortization	385,659	—	1,626,073	874,909	4,462,109	(80)
Earnings from mine operations	(525,976)	—	(500,707)	412,430	1,137,865	(64)
Operating Data						
Ore milled (tonnes)	22,626	—	53,483	81,576	128,415	(36)
Grade (g/t Au)	3.07	n/a	2.58	3.03	3.36	(10)
Mill recoveries (%)	87	—	87	88	86	2
Realized gold price	1,214	n/a	1,628	1,508	1,656	10
Gold produced (oz)	1,945	—	3,872	6,976	11,983	(42)
Cash operating cost per ounce produced⁽¹⁾	1,410	n/a	1,085	978	989	(1)
Ounces sold (oz)	5,286	—	3,650	7,919	10,392	(24)
Cash operating cost per ounce sold⁽²⁾	1,173	n/a	1,193	1,242	983	26
Total all-in sustaining costs per ounce sold⁽³⁾	1,788	n/a	1,481	1,360	1,382	(2)
Cost of sales (IFRS)	6,198,257	—	4,354,885	9,832,774	10,218,687	(4)
Inventory adjustment	(3,455,999)	—	(152,647)	(3,008,051)	1,636,509	n/a
Total cost of ore produced	2,742,258	—	4,202,238	6,824,723	11,855,196	(42)
Costs per Tonne of Ore						
Mining	57.20	n/a	54.66	46.59	55.78	(16)
Processing	33.66	n/a	22.86	24.10	24.76	(3)
Mine Overheads	36.85	n/a	24.69	24.16	28.58	(15)
Total cost per tonne of ore	127.71	—	102.21	94.85	109.12	(13)

1. Operating cash cost per ounce sold includes mine site operating costs including mining, processing and refining, and inventory adjustments, but is exclusive of royalties, environmental fees, amortization and exploration costs. Refer to the Non-IFRS Measures section of the Company's MD&A.

2. Operating cash cost per ounce produced includes mine site operating costs including mining, processing and refining, but is exclusive of inventory adjustments, royalties, environmental fees, export tax, amortization and exploration costs. Refer to the Non-IFRS Measures section of the Company's MD&A.

3. All-in sustaining costs include all cash operating costs per ounce sold including a portion of corporate administration, sales based taxes and government fees and levies. It includes an annualized estimate of sustaining capital and exploration expenditure. It excludes corporate income tax, reclamation and remediation costs. Refer to the Non-IFRS Measures section of the Company's MD&A.

(\$) As at	Mar 31, 2014	Jun 30, 2013
Net deferred exploration and development	3,682,143	5,248,718
Property, plant and equipment	654,289	406,499

(\$)	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013
Spending on exploration and development activities	—	175,316	391,263	882,935
Expenditure on property, plant and equipment	—	294,531	123,059	961,644

Production and Operating Statistical Results

Bong Mieu Process Plant

Bong Mieu is currently under care and maintenance, and rehabilitation, following shut-down of operations due to typhoon related damage. Dewatering of the flooded mine began in March immediately after the road repairs were finished. To date approximately 75% of the volume and 50% of the height of the flood has been pumped out. Mining of Level 21 is to commence in early May.

Management has assessed indicators of impairment related to the Bong Mieu project and its associated assets and used a discounted cash flow model to calculate the value in use. A preliminary impairment charge in the amount of \$1.1 m and \$0.6m was recognized during the quarter ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2014, respectively, on assets associated with the Nui Kem project at Bong Mieu. The assessment of an exact terminal value amount related to Bong Mieu assets will be finalised during the next quarter ending June 30, 2014 and an adjustment to the above impairment charge if material will be recorded.

During the nine month period ended March 31, 2014 the Company has been mining an area based on historical information, over which a 43-101 reserve has never been established.

Exploration Report

Nui Kem

No current exploration.

Bong Mieu

No current exploration.

Outlook to June 30, 2014

- Finalise dewatering to resume operations at Nui Kem.
- Finalise documentation on strategic alliance with a Vietnamese contract mining company.
- Continue to explore and develop the Nui Kem upper vein at Level 23.
- Continue operations cost reduction plans.
- Continue knowledge transfer from expatriate staff to local staff through training and development.

BAU GOLD PROJECT

Exploration Update

(\$) As at	Mar 31, 2014	Jun 30, 2013
Net deferred exploration and development	15,925,047	14,618,741
Property, plant and equipment	201,936	120,916

(\$)	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013
Spending on exploration and development activities	212,242	846,510	1,189,680	2,949,137
Expenditure on property, plant and equipment	—	11,099	134,724	37,874

Jugan Sector

Exploration during the quarter included geochemical soil survey follow-up, IP Survey follow-up and geological modeling.

Other Bau Sectors

Exploration during the quarter included 3D modeling and interpretation of regional fault structures, development and expansion of 3D surface geology model, Jugan West geology modeling, tailings deposits modeling and resource determination in areas surrounding Jugan, plus continued update of the GDMS with recent and historical exploration data. Work also included an analysis of the antimony (Sb) potential in Bau.

Bau Tenure

Applications for four separate Mining Certificates have been submitted to the relevant authorities in order to maintain tenure over ground within three separate areas (that are currently covered by one existing Pejiru Mining Certificate, which will expire during CY2014), plus one adjacent area (that was previously a General Prospecting License application renewal).

Serian Project

A general site visit was undertaken at a number of sites.

Rawan Project

A general site visit was undertaken at a number of sites.

Outlook to June 30, 2014

- Complete financing options for development of Bau
- Prioritise and plan drill programs for drill targets following IP survey and soil sampling program
- Further detailed design work on a number of project development aspects
- Company is seeking farm-out partners to advance certain projects

Summary of Quarterly Results

The following table sets forth selected unaudited quarterly results for the past eight quarters.

	Q3 FY2014	Q2 FY2014	Q1 FY2014	Q4 FY2013	Q3 FY2013	Q2 FY2013	Q1 FY2013	Q2 2012
Gold production (oz)	3,943	7,550	14,425	18,482	13,589	16,204	11,912	7,839
Gold sales (oz)	4,020	10,953	15,631	15,800	12,200	12,570	11,625	4,211
Gold sales	4,860,507	13,791,902	20,216,909	22,244,500	19,812,500	21,546,213	19,169,500	6,725,015
Net loss	(8,542,046)	(30,744,507)	(8,071,681)	(16,475,831)	(560,641)	(4,600,605)	(3,665,952)	(14,502,571)
Loss per share-basic	(0.019)	(0.069)	(0.020)	(0.037)	(0.002)	(0.012)	(0.01)	(0.029)
Loss per share-diluted	(0.019)	(0.069)	(0.020)	(0.037)	(0.002)	(0.012)	(0.01)	(0.029)

Quarterly sales are predominantly influenced by the number of ounces of gold sold and by the realized price per ounce.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2014, the Company produced 3,943 ounces of gold and sold 4,020 ounces of gold, the difference being decreased holding of gold inventory at the end of March 31, 2014.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2014, the average realised gold price decreased by 26% to \$1,209 from \$1,624 in the same quarter last year.

The loss in the quarter ended March 31, 2014 is a result of continued lower than expected production at Phuoc Son and the temporary suspension of operations at Bong Mieu.

Earnings Summary

(\$)	3 months		Diff (%)	Nine months ended		Diff (%)
	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013		Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013	
Sales	4,860,507	19,812,500	(75)	38,869,318	60,528,213	(36)
Costs of sales	5,643,429	10,747,697	(47)	36,979,575	30,385,987	22
Royalty expense	734,343	1,950,429	(62)	4,886,542	6,945,182	(30)
Environmental fees	373,147	1,161,028	(68)	2,541,473	2,897,552	(12)
Corporate and administrative expenses	716,799	1,866,729	(62)	3,208,860	5,300,082	(39)
Share-based compensation	89,266	468,578	(81)	425,462	1,734,118	(75)
Exploration costs	(12,454)	189,503	(107)	301,021	818,370	(63)
Depreciation and amortization	1,020,335	4,162,299	(75)	8,032,346	14,487,628	(45)
Care and maintenance costs	593,132	—	n/a	871,915	—	n/a
Impairment charges	2,264,145	—	n/a	21,486,198	—	n/a
Finance charges	2,319,697	(410,857)	(665)	7,295,211	5,657,314	29
	13,741,839	20,135,406	(32)	86,028,603	68,226,233	26
Loss for the period before income tax	(8,881,332)	(322,906)	2,650	(47,159,285)	(7,698,020)	513
Income tax expense	(339,286)	237,735	(243)	198,948	1,129,179	(82)
Total comprehensive loss for the period	(8,542,046)	(560,641)	1,424	(47,358,233)	(8,827,199)	437

Sales

During the quarter ended March 31, 2014 gold sales decreased to \$4,860,507 from \$19,812,500 in the same period of 2013 based on a 67% decrease in ounces sold and a 26% decrease in realized gold price per ounce. Gold production decreased to 3,943 ounces from 13,589 ounces in the same period of 2013 due to the decrease in milled tonnes by Phuoc Son which were affected by a reduction in open stopes, a two-week plant shutdown over the Tet holiday period in early February, and absence of production at the Bong Mieu plant during the reporting quarter. Bong Mieu operations were suspended on November 16, 2013 as a result of typhoon damage and have not yet recommenced. Sale price was affected by lower realised gold prices compared to the same period last year and more local in-country sales in Vietnam which are subject to 10% VAT as a result of export license restrictions.

During the nine months ended ended March 31, 2014 gold sales decreased to \$38,869,318 from \$60,528,213 in the same period of 2013 based on a 24% decrease in realized price per ounce and a 16% decrease in ounces sold. Gold production decreased by 38% compared to the same period in 2013 due to the decrease in feed grade from 3.87 g/t to 2.99g/t.

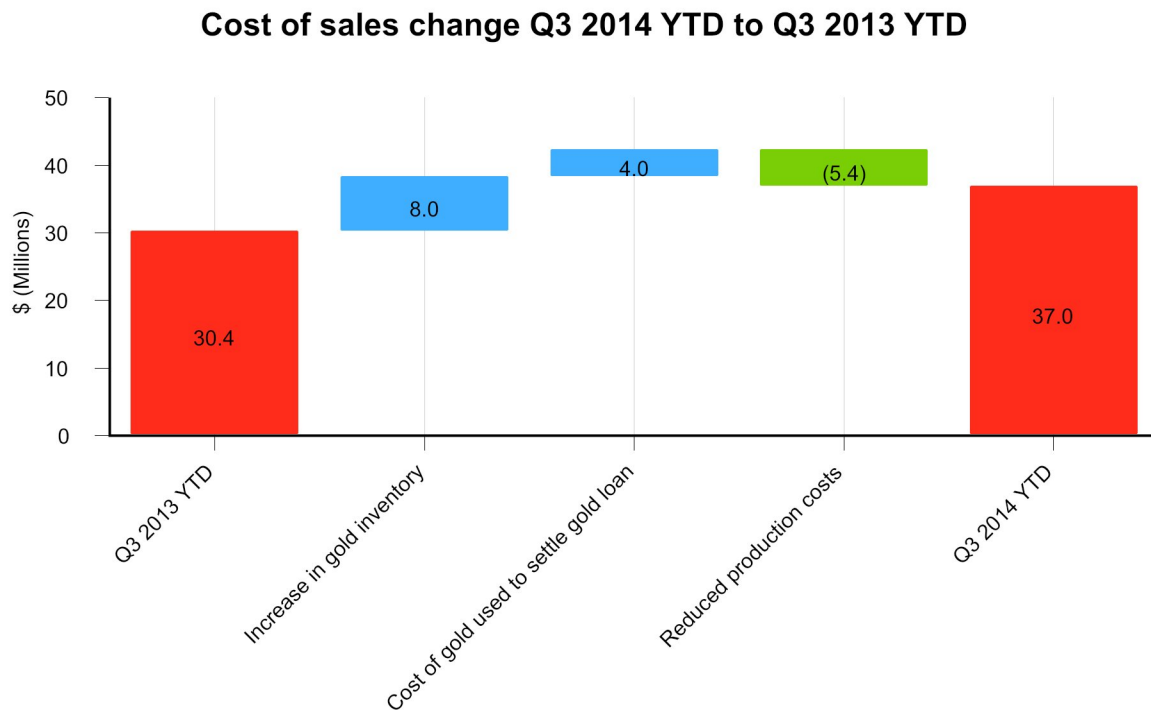
Cost of sales

Cost of sales consists of production costs adjusted for a change in inventory balances, cost of gold used to settle gold loan and export taxes.

\$	Three months ended			Nine months ended		
	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013	Diff	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013	Diff
Costs of sales (IFRS)	5,643,429	10,747,697	(47)	36,979,575	30,385,987	22
Inventory adjustment	81,674	2,305,452	(96)	(6,043,516)	5,901,715	(202)
Total production costs	5,725,103	13,053,149	(56)	30,936,059	36,287,702	(15)
Inventory adjustment						
Inventory adjustment due to change in gold inventory (net of depreciation, royalties, export tax and environmental fees)	81,674	2,305,452	(96)	(6,043,516)	1,933,981	n/a
Cost of gold used to settle gold loan	—	—	n/a	—	3,967,734	n/a
Total Inventory Adjustment	81,674	2,305,452	(96)	(6,043,516)	5,901,715	(202)

During the quarter ended March 31, 2014 cost of sales decreased to \$5,643,429 from \$10,747,697 in the comparative period ended March 31, 2013, based on a 67% decrease in ounces sold offset by a 59% increase in operating cost per ounce sold. Operating cash costs per ounce produced for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 were \$1,452 compared to \$961 for the same period in 2013 mainly due to lower gold production resulting in higher unit cost. The production issues at Phuoc Son and a temporary closure of Nui Kem resulted in this quarter's all-in sustaining costs per gold ounce sold of \$2,085 which is above our previous guidance of \$1,150 to \$1,200 for the full year of 2014. This has significantly affected production costs and as a result cost of sales.

During the nine months ended ended March 31, 2014 cost of sales increased by 22% to \$36,979,575 from \$30,385,987 in the same period ended March 31, 2013. The below chart illustrates the key drivers affecting the movement in the cost of sales:



During the nine months ended March 31, 2014 production costs decreased by \$5,351,643 to \$30,936,059 from \$36,287,702 in the same period last year due to a series of restructures implemented in Q1 and Q3 of FY2014 which resulted in operational efficiencies and significant savings in mining and overhead costs. The negative variance is explained by the movement in gold inventory balances resulting in a \$7,977,494 increase in cost of sale during the nine months ended March 31, 2014 compared to the same period last year. The settlement of the gold loan in November 2012 also resulted in the reduction of cost of sales in the comparative period ended March 31, 2013 by \$3,967,734.

During the nine months ended ended March 31, 2014 cost of sales increased due to a 37% increase in operating cash costs per ounce produced offset by a 16% decrease in ounces sold compared to the same period last year. During the nine months ended ended March 31, 2014 the group's operating cash costs per ounce produced increased to \$1,194 from \$870 in the same comparable period last year. This has significantly affected cost of sales.

Royalty Expenses

The Phuoc Son and Bong Mieu companies are taxed with 15% and 3% royalty rates, respectively, calculated based on gross sales. The rates have been established by the Vietnamese government. During the three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014 royalty expenses decreased to \$734,343 and \$4,886,542 from \$1,950,429 and \$6,945,182 in the same comparative periods ended March 31, 2013 due to a decrease in gold sales. We have made application for royalty and tax deferrals pursuant to typhoon disaster relief legislation.

Environmental Fees

Environmental fees are established by the Ministry of Natural Resources of Vietnam and are based on tonnes of ore mined during the month. The current rate is VND 180,000 per tonne. During the quarter ended March 31, 2014 environmental fees decreased to \$373,147 from \$1,161,028 in the comparative period ended March 31, 2013 due to the decrease in volume of ore mined to 43,430 tonnes from 151,390 tonnes in the same period last year. During the nine months ended March 31, 2014 environmental fees decreased to \$2,541,473 from \$2,897,552 in the comparative period ended March 31, 2013 due to the decrease in volume of ore mined to 302,814 tonnes from 367,836 tonnes in the same period last year. The Company is negotiating to apply a revised method of calculation which would result in a lower environmental fee.

Care and Maintenance Costs

During the shutdown of the Bong Mieu plant the Company had to maintain a minimum level of operations and incur certain unavoidable costs such as security, force majeure labor and utility costs. During the quarter ended March 31, 2014 such operating and maintenance costs amounted to \$593,132.

Depreciation and Amortization

During the three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014 depreciation and amortization expense decreased to \$1,020,335 and \$8,032,346 from \$4,162,299 and \$14,487,628 in the same comparative periods ended March 31, 2013 mainly due to the decrease in production to 3,943 oz and 25,918 oz from 13,589 oz and 41,706 oz, respectively, and impairment charges incurred in FY2013, the quarter ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2014 for Phuoc Son and Bong Mieu projects that reduced the value of property plant and equipment, deferred development and exploration costs and consequently the depreciation and amortization charge going forward.

Impairment Charges

The impairment charge incurred during the quarter ended March 31, 2014 related to the following projects:

	Phuoc Son	Bong Mieu	Binh Dinh NZ Gold	GR Enmore	TOTAL
Property plant and equipment	9,929,312	576,563	9,488	—	10,515,363
Deferred exploration expenditure	1,870,396	—	780,777	—	2,651,173
Deferred development expenditure	2,425,792	535,708	—	—	2,961,500
Mine properties	1,163,322	47,362	1,333,333	550,000	3,094,017
Total impairment recognised in Q2 ended Dec 31, 2013	15,388,822	1,159,633	2,123,598	550,000	19,222,053
Deferred development expenditure	1,146,612	589,661	—	—	1,736,273
Mine properties	527,872	—	—	—	527,872
Total impairment recognised in Q3 ended Mar 31, 2014	1,674,484	589,661	—	—	2,264,145
Total impairment charges YTD	17,063,306	1,749,294	2,123,598	550,000	21,486,198

Management has assessed indicators of impairment related to the Company's mine projects and its associated assets and used a discounted cash flow model to calculate the value in use. The assessment of an exact terminal value with regard to property, plant and equipment related to Phuoc Son and Bong Mieu assets will be finalised during the next quarter ending June 30, 2014 and an adjustment to the above impairment charges where material will be recorded.

Corporate and Administrative Expenses

During the three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014 corporate and administrative expenses decreased to \$716,799 and \$3,208,860 from \$1,866,729 and \$5,300,082, respectively, in the comparative period ended March 31, 2013 mainly due to the reduction in number of officers, restructuring of remaining officers' remuneration packages, reduction in use of external contractors, and reduction in travel and related costs.

Share-based Compensation Expense

Share-based payment expense recognized for stock options that vested during the three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014 amounted to \$89,266 and \$425,462 (three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2013 - \$468,578 and \$1,734,118). No new options were issued during the nine months ended March 31, 2014 and the decreased share-based payment expense mainly relates to fewer options vesting during the reporting periods compared to the same periods last year.

Exploration Costs

During the three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014, exploration costs were \$12,454 (credit) and \$301,021 compared with \$189,503 and \$818,370 in the same comparative periods ended March 31, 2013. The credit of \$12,454 relates to a change in provision estimate of exploration consulting costs related to KMC subsidiary. Furthermore, the Company had to cut most of its exploration programs until funding is arranged.

Finance Expenses

(\$)	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013
Interest on convertible notes and gold-linked loans	921,941	955,633	2,711,602	3,032,563
Accretion on convertible notes and gold-linked notes	1,535,223	1,389,739	4,467,909	4,302,857
Interest expense (income), net	576,453	357,228	1,455,865	847,086
Derivative - fair value revaluations	(53,000)	(2,694,750)	(110,850)	(7,573,815)
Foreign exchange (gain) loss, net	(691,382)	(418,707)	(1,367,813)	(203,949)
Financing costs	30,462	—	138,498	4,051,065
Gain on gold loan principal repayment	—	—	—	1,201,507
Total	2,319,697	(410,857)	7,295,211	5,657,314

During the three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014, interest on the convertible notes and gold-linked notes decreased compared to same periods ended March 31, 2013 due to interest related to gold loan fully repaid in May 2013 which was offset by the default interest accrued from the beginning of December 2013, triggered when the company went in arrears on its interest obligations. The accretion expense has increased mainly due to an effective interest method of accounting for notes where more accretion costs are allocated closer to the end of the note period due in May 2015. The interest expense amounted to \$576,453 and \$1,455,865 during the three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014 compared with \$357,228 and \$847,086 during the same comparative periods last year due to penalties incurred on unpaid tax and government fees in Vietnam and a higher interest rate charged on the Phuoc Son secured borrowings.

During the three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014, derivatives revaluation gain amounted to \$53,000 and \$110,850 compared with \$2,694,750 and \$7,573,815 in the same comparative periods last year. The credit related to the convertible notes derivatives was mainly due to a decrease in value of the conversion options on the notes that are linked to Besra's stock. This was offset but the gold-linked notes all had an increase due to the increase in the gold price. During the quarter ended March 31, 2013, derivative revaluation gains amounted to \$2,694,750. \$2,192,209 of revaluation gain for the three month period ended March 31, 2013 relates to revaluation of Company's vested warrants and conversion features of convertible notes outstanding at balance date. The change in estimated future gold prices during the three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2013 explains the rest of the revaluation gain in the respective periods.

During the three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014 foreign exchange unrealised gain amounted to \$691,382 and \$1,367,813, respectively (three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2013: \$418,707 and \$203,949 gain, respectively). Foreign exchange fluctuations are the result of a CAD-USD exchange rate change, weaker CAD and the impact on Company's CAD denominated convertible notes and gold-linked notes revalued to USD during the reporting periods.

Liquidity, Capital Resources and Material Uncertainty as to Going Concern

During the three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014, the Group incurred a net loss of \$8,542,046 and \$47,358,233, respectively. As at March 31, 2014 the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by \$43,312,194 and contractual commitments amounted to \$14,569,361. As a result, there is a substantial doubt regarding the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern depends upon its ability to resume profitable operations and to access public debt or equity capital in the ordinary course. No assurance can be given that such capital will be available at all or on terms acceptable to the Company.

These Interim Financial Statements were prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost basis, which assumes the Company will continue its operations for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities and commitments in the ordinary course of business. In assessing whether the going concern assumption is appropriate, management takes into account all available information about the future, which is at least, but not limited to, twelve months from the end of the reporting period. A going concern basis was assessed using a cashflow forecast for the next 12 months from the date of these financial statements. The forecast includes the following key assumptions and strategies:

- Renegotiate the agreement with the 9% CAD convertible note holders where the company is in default for payment of principal of CAD\$6.3m which was due in March 2014 and the related interest which was due in November 2013 and on maturity in March 2014 in order to extend the settlement date of the notes.
- Renegotiate the agreement with other convertible note and gold-linked loan holders where the company is in default for payment of interest which was due in November 2013.
- Restoring production from Vietnam to above 45,000 oz per annum.
- The Group being able to successfully negotiate a deferment of royalty and tax payments due to the Vietnam tax department.
- Receiving settlement of the proceeds from the Vietnam business interruption insurance claim related to the November typhoons.
- Receiving confirmation of a revised basis of calculating environment fees in Vietnam.
- The renewal of the existing overdraft facilities with Vietcom Bank and Vietabank in Vietnam.
- Realizing a gold sale price above US\$1,200 per ounce.
- The need to secure sufficient funds either through debt, equity or asset sales in order to maintain sufficient levels of working capital and to meet its obligations to creditors.

The company is actively pursuing a range of financing and refinancing options. If the fund raising is not completed during June 2014 Besra's board may reevaluate continuing operations. No allowance for such circumstances has been made in these Interim Financial Statements.

As at March 31, 2014, the cash and cash equivalents' balance decreased to \$485,738 from \$4,062,045 at June 30, 2013.

After balance date the Company received a notice to cure from Euro Pacific Capital Inc ("Euro Pacific") on behalf of holders of its 9% unsecured convertible redeemable notes due 26 March 2014 (the "Notes"). Pursuant to the notice to cure, Euro Pacific has noted the Company in default for failure to pay the principal of CAD6,356,499 (\$5,746,275 at March 31, 2014) plus outstanding interest of CAD476,716 (\$430,951 at March 31, 2014) due on the Notes and has given 30 days for the Company to cure the default. The cure period as set out in the notice to cure Euro Pacific delivered to the Company expired on 7 May 2014 and the Company was unable to cure the default. The Company has not received notice of any legal action nor is not aware of any pending legal action in this respect..

Interest payments with regard Convertible notes and Gold-linked notes of \$1,577,132 due in November 2013 and March 2014 are currently in default for payment. During the quarter ended March 31, 2014 the default interest on unpaid interest amounted to \$64,952 and unpaid principal related to 9% CAD Convertible notes - \$11,021.

Besra is currently in discussions with the Investor Representative, Euro Pacific, over potential restructuring of the notes. If the note holders do not agree to a restructuring or extension, the Directors may consider pursuing a formal restructuring under statutory protection from creditors.

The Company is obligated to pay interest on its debt facilities twice per year at the end of May and November which causes fluctuations in cash needs beyond the ordinary operating cash flow requirements. If funding is not raised by the end of May the interest payment related to gold-linked notes and convertible notes due in May 31, 2014 will be in default.

The liquidity constraints have affected the Company's ability to operate, and have resulted in payments to suppliers and other creditor payments being delayed. As a result it may be difficult to source supplies.

Besra has financed its operations to date primarily from sale of gold and through the raising of short term debt. The Company will depend on outside capital to complete the exploration and development of the resource properties. There can be no assurance that capital will be available as necessary to meet these continuing exploration and development costs or, if the capital is available, that it will be on terms acceptable to the Company.

The issuance of additional equity securities by the Company may result in a significant dilution in the equity interests of its current shareholders. If the Company is unable to obtain financing in the amounts and on terms deemed acceptable, the business and future success may be adversely affected.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments and including estimated interest as at March 31, 2014:

(\$)	Carrying Amount	Total	Group's undiscounted financial liabilities due in			
			Overdue	1-3 months	4-12 months	1-2 years
9% CAD Convertible Notes	6,200,264	6,200,264	6,200,264	—	—	—
Other Convertible notes	12,282,656	16,746,240	628,785	599,513	602,807	14,915,135
Gold-linked notes	19,480,232	23,834,796	948,347	904,403	909,373	21,072,673
Secured bank loans	6,395,582	6,523,494	4,750,000	1,773,494	—	—
Short term loan	449,031	449,031	—	449,031	—	—
Trade and other payables	34,062,209	34,062,209	8,797,536	25,264,673	—	—
Financial derivatives	772,000	772,000	—	—	—	772,000
Total	79,641,974	88,588,034	21,324,932	28,991,114	1,512,180	36,759,808

Working Capital

As at March 31, 2014, the working capital deficit amounted to \$26,812,669.

(\$) As at	Mar 31, 2014	Jun 30, 2013
Inventories	4,433,631	12,224,852
Tax and other receivables	2,009,314	1,714,355
Prepaid expenses	806,595	1,614,240
Tax and trade payables	(34,062,209)	(27,429,290)
Net Working Capital	(26,812,669)	(11,875,843)

Tax and trade payables at March 31, 2014 were as follows:

(\$) As at	Mar 31, 2014	Jun 30, 2013
Taxes and government fees payable	17,197,991	12,685,228
Trade payables	12,624,700	10,832,636
Accruals and other payables	4,239,518	3,911,426
Total	34,062,209	27,429,290

Cash Flows

The following table summarizes the Company's consolidated cash flows and cash on hand.

(\$) 3 months ended	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013
Net cash provided by operating activities	(113,348)	57,955	1,996,747	7,580,979
Net cash used in investing activities	(463,741)	(4,693,200)	(5,647,417)	(11,361,126)
Net cash provided from financing activities	119,579	3,683,850	69,561	4,137,919
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(457,510)	(951,395)	(3,581,109)	357,772
Net foreign exchange difference	3,549	(7,411)	4,802	9,251
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	939,699	4,723,557	4,062,045	3,397,728
Ending cash and cash equivalents	485,738	3,764,751	485,738	3,764,751

Cash from Operating Activities

Cash flow provided by operating activities for the three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014 was outflow of US\$113,348 and inflow of \$1,996,747 (three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2013: inflow of US\$57,955 and \$7,580,979, respectively) as a result of producing gold at costs that exceed gold revenues. The capital investments decreased to \$463,741 and \$5,647,417 (three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014: \$4,693,200 and \$11,361,126, respectively) as a result of liquidity issues and capital expenditure cuts implemented by the Company's management. The above cash flow variance required the Company to raise more short-term debt and use most of its cash balances.

Investing Activities

During the three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014, Besra invested a total of US\$463,741 and \$2,996,410 (three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2013: US\$2,300,448 and \$7,298,619) in deferred exploration and development expenses, \$0 and \$2,001,007 acquiring property, plant and equipment (three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2013: \$992,752 and \$2,062,507), as follows:

(\$ 3 months ended	Deferred Exploration & Development Expenditure		Property Plant & Equipment	
	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013
Bong Mieu	—	175,316	—	294,531
Phuoc Son	251,499	1,278,622	—	319,369
Bau	212,242	846,510	—	11,099
Other	—	—	—	367,753
Total	463,741	2,300,448	—	992,752

(\$ 9 months ended	Deferred Exploration & Development Expenditure		Property Plant & Equipment	
	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013
Bong Mieu	391,263	882,935	123,059	961,644
Phuoc Son	1,415,467	3,466,547	1,743,224	607,276
Bau	1,189,680	2,949,137	134,724	37,874
Other	—	—	—	455,713
Total	2,996,410	7,298,619	2,001,007	2,062,507

During the three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014, Besra invested nil and \$650,000, respectively, in increasing its interest in North Borneo Gold Sdn Bhd (three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2013: \$600,000).

Financing Activities

Short Term Loan

During the quarter ended March 31, 2014, the Company issued three-month secured promissory notes in an aggregate amount of US \$444,889 to three lenders, one of whom is a director of the company. The issuance was approved by the board of directors with one director having declared his conflict of interest and having abstained from voting. 4,448,890 warrants are to be issued to the lending group to acquire common shares at an exercise price of US\$0.05 expiring one year from the date of issuance, subject to all necessary regulatory and shareholders approvals, including the TSX. The loan is secured with a general security interest over the company's assets. Interest is payable at 12%. The carrying amount of the loan was \$449,031 as at March 31, 2014 (nil as at June 30, 2013).

Secured Bank Loan

In December 2012, Phuoc Son Gold Company Limited entered into a loan agreement with a Vietnamese bank for a maximum borrowing of \$4,750,000, to be drawn down as required. The loan term is twelve months from the date of principal drawdown to the date of repayment for each drawdown. The loan was due for repayment on February 8, 2014. In December 2013, Phuoc Son management filed an application with the bank to renew the loan. In March 2014, the application was rejected by the bank. At balance date the loan was in default and negotiations between the local management and the bank are under way. The bank has filed a lawsuit with Phuoc Son district court which is currently pending. The interest rate for the original drawdown before February 8, 2014 was 8 percent per annum. An additional 4% of an overdue interest rate was applied on the overdue principal. The carrying amount of the loan was \$4,750,000 as at March 31, 2014 (\$5,000,000 as at June 30, 2013). The bank loan is secured over plant and equipment of Phuoc Son Gold Mining Company with a net carrying value \$4.2m (Note 9).

On June 21, 2013, Phuoc Son Gold Company Limited entered into a new loan agreement with a Vietnamese bank for a maximum borrowing of \$2,000,000. The new loan term is six months from the date of principal drawdown to the date of repayment for each drawdown. The

drawdown could be exercised as required until June 30, 2014. The interest rate currently is 4.5% per annum and may be adjusted upon the notification of the bank. The carrying amount of the loan was \$1,645,582 as at March 31, 2014 (\$1,775,051 as at June 30, 2013). As at March 31, 2014 the earliest repayment date of the drawdowns is May 14, 2014 with an amount of \$124,319.77. The bank loan is secured over plant and equipment of certain assets of Phuoc Son Gold Mining Company (Note 9).

Commitments, Contingencies and Contractual Obligations

Balance at March 31, 2014						
Payment Due (\$)	Total	Less than one year	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5 and thereafter
Operating leases	472,338	223,102	118,009	58,323	58,323	14,581
Purchase obligations - supplies & services	3,478,794	3,478,794	—	—	—	—
Purchase obligations - capital	331,294	331,294	—	—	—	—
Acquisition of interest in North Borneo Gold Sdn Bhd	7,750,000	2,750,000	4,000,000	1,000,000	—	—
Asset retirement obligations	2,536,935	596,248	1,085,630	724,141	130,916	—
Total	14,569,361	7,379,438	5,203,639	1,782,464	189,239	14,581

In the normal course of business, the Group is subject to various legal claims. Provisions are recorded where claims are likely and estimable.

Acquisition of Interest in NBG

In 2010 the Company entered into an agreement with Gladioli Enterprises SDN BHD, as amended on May 20, 2011 and January 20, 2012 and amended and restated on May 12, 2013, to acquire up to a 93.55% interest in North Borneo Gold Sdn Bhd (NBG) by September 2015, subject to payments to be made in several tranches of \$7,750,000 in total. The tranche 4a and 4b (first part) of the total amount of \$1,850,000 which were due on December 2, 2013 and March 3, 2014 have not been paid.

Contingencies

Legal Actions

At balance date Besra faced various legal proceedings and claims with respect to failure in paying suppliers. There can be no assurance that the company will be able to successfully resolve these actions. If the company is unable to raise funds to settle these claims, there exists the possibility of an adverse impact on the company's future cash flows, results of financial performance and to continue as a going concern. Where possible the company has entered into negotiations regarding settlement of these matters.

Tax Disputes

In 2013 the Company disputed tax claims by the Vietnam General Department of Customs ("GDC") against Phuoc Son Gold Company ("PSGC") and Bong Mieu Gold Mining Company ("BMGMC"), Besra's two operating gold companies in Vietnam. The GDC had made an assessment that PSGC and BMGMC should pay a total of approximately 250 billion Vietnamese dong (approximately \$12,000,000) in export duties. In April 2014, Besra received formal notification from Vietnam Ministry of Finance that the export tax assessments against Bong Mieu Gold Mining Company and Phuoc Son Gold Mining Company has been repealed.

Capcapo Gold Property

The Company entered a formal joint venture agreement on September 30, 2011 with Abra Mining & Industrial Corporation ("AMIC"), Jabel Corporation ("Jabel"), Kadabra Mining Corporation (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) ("KMC") and PhilEarth Mining Corporation ("PhilEarth") (a Philippine company in the process of incorporation in which the Company will hold a 40% interest) in respect of the Capcapo Gold Property in the Northern Philippines.

Pursuant to the terms of the joint venture agreement, the Company, in consortium with PhilEarth, has an option to acquire up to a 60% interest in the Capcapo Gold Project, Northern Philippines, subject to compliance with Philippine foreign ownership laws. The Company paid to AMIC \$300,000 upon the signing of the joint venture agreement, is required to pay a further \$400,000 upon gaining unencumbered access to the property and may fully exercise its option over three stages of expenditure as follows:

Stage	Expected Expenditures	Payment Due Upon Completion of The Stage
Stage 1	1,000,000	400,000
Stage 2	2,000,000	400,000
Stage 3	4,000,000	n/a

In addition, Jabel will be paid a royalty based on the calculation that yields the highest payment; either 3% of the gross value of production from the Capcapo Gold Project or 6% of the annual profit of the joint venture corporation.

Finally, the Company is also obligated to make milestone payments each time a specified milestone is achieved in respect of the property. The specified milestone occurs at the earlier of defining a cumulative mineral reserve of 2,000,000 ounces of gold and gold equivalents for the property, or upon achievement of a consistent production rate of 2,000 tonnes per day. Accordingly, achieving one milestone does not trigger the obligation to make a subsequent milestone payment if the alternative milestone has been achieved. The milestone payment to AMIC consists of a \$2,000,000 payment and the issuance of 2,000,000 common shares of the Company or common shares having a market value of \$5,000,000, whichever is of lesser value.

Related Party Transactions

The Interim Financial Statements include the financial statements of Besra Gold Inc. and the subsidiaries listed in the following table:

Name	Country of Incorporation	% equity held as at	
		Mar 31, 2014	Jun 30, 2013
Formwell Holdings Ltd	British Virgin Islands	100	100
Bong Mieu Holdings Ltd	Thailand	100	100
Bong Mieu Gold Mining Company Limited	Vietnam	80	80
New Vietnam Mining Corporation	British Virgin Islands	100	100
Phuoc Son Gold Company Limited	Vietnam	85	85
Kadabra Mining Corp.	Philippines	100	100
Besra Vietnam Ltd (formerly Olympus Pacific Minerals Vietnam Ltd)	Vietnam	100	100
Besra NZ Limited (formerly OYMNZ Ltd)	New Zealand	100	100
Besra Labuan Ltd (formerly Olympus Pacific Minerals Labuan Ltd)	Malaysia	100	100
Parnell Cracroft Ltd	British Virgin Islands	100	100
GR Enmore Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Binh Dinh NZ Gold Company Ltd	Vietnam	75	75
North Borneo Gold Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	85.61	85.61
Bau Mining Co Ltd	Samoa	91	91
KS Mining Ltd	Samoa	100	100

Compensation of the key management personnel of the Group was as follows:

(\$ 3 months ended	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013
Management fees and salary	435,669	820,689	1,454,729	2,196,269
Share based compensation	58,110	364,416	285,114	1,230,344
Total compensation of key management	493,779	1,185,105	1,739,843	3,426,613

The amounts disclosed in the table are the amounts recognized as an expense during the reporting period related to the key management personnel.

Directors' Interest in the Stock Option Plan

Stock options held by members of the Board of Directors under the stock option plan to purchase ordinary shares have the following expiry dates and exercises prices:

Issue Date	Expiry Date	Exercise Price CAD\$	Number of Options Outstanding	
			Mar 31, 2014	Jun 30, 2013
Jan-10	Dec-14	0.40	2,073,618	2,073,618
Jun-10	Apr-15	0.42	1,500,000	1,500,000
Jun-10	Apr-15	0.60	1,500,000	1,500,000
Jan-11	Dec-15	0.72	1,068,378	1,068,378
Sept-11	Sept-16	0.53	751,599	751,599
Jan-12	Jan-17	0.42	1,250,000	1,250,000
Feb-12	Feb-17	0.52	3,472,872	3,472,872
Mar-12	Mar-17	0.33	3,015,000	3,015,000
May-12	May-17	0.32	150,000	150,000
Mar-13	Mar-18	0.24	2,425,000	2,425,000
Total			17,206,467	17,206,467

Directors' Interest in the Deferred Share Units Plan

Deferred share units are held by non-executive members of the Board of Directors. Under this plan, fees are paid as deferred share units ("DSUs") whose value is based on the market value of the common shares.

Award year	Units	Value of Units Outstanding (\$)	
		Mar 31, 2014	Jun 30, 2013
2008	116,667	5,454	5,542
2009	120,690	5,642	5,733
Total of deferred share units outstanding	237,357	11,096	11,275

In 2008 the Company set up a deferred share unit plan for the non-executive members of the Board. Under this plan, fees are paid as DSUs whose value is based on the market value of the common shares. Under terms of the plan, the DSU plan will be an unfunded and unsecured plan. The deferred share units are paid out in cash upon retirement/resignation. Compensation expense for this plan is recorded in the year the payment is earned and changes in the amount of the deferred share unit payments as a result of share price movements are recorded in directors fees in the period of the change. Total DSUs outstanding as at March 31, 2014 were 237,357 units. Liabilities related to this plan are recorded in accrued liabilities and totaled \$11,096 as at March 31, 2014 (as at June 30, 2013 - \$11,275). The DSU plan was discontinued for new grants in 2010.

Short-Term Loan

During the quarter ended March 31, 2014, the Company issued three-month secured promissory notes in an aggregate amount of US \$444,889 to three lenders, one of whom is a director of the company. As at March 31, 2014, the loan from a director including the unpaid interest amounted to \$135,755 (nil as at June 30, 2013). 1,357,550 warrants are to be issued to a director to acquire common shares at an exercise price of US\$0.05 expiring one year from the date of issuance, subject to all necessary regulatory and shareholders approvals, including the TSX.

Companies Controlled by Management

Management compensation incurred on behalf of the Company was paid to companies controlled by officers of the Company. The companies that were paid for management compensation include the following:

Company name	Name	Position
Orangue Holdings Limited	David Seton	Executive Chairman
Dason Investments Limited	David Seton	Executive Chairman
Bolt Solutions Corporation	Darin Lee	Chief Operating Officer
Jura Trust Limited	John Seton	Chief Executive Officer
Whakapai Consulting Ltd	Jane Bell	Chief Financial Officer (resigned April 30, 2014)
Lloyd Beaumont No. 2 Trust	Paul Seton	Chief Commercial Officer

Events After Balance Date

In 2013 the Company disputed tax claims by the Vietnam General Department of Customs ("GDC") against Phuoc Son Gold Company ("PSGC") and Bong Mieu Gold Mining Company ("BMGMC"), Besra's two operating gold companies in Vietnam. The GDC had made an assessment that PSGC and BMGMC should pay a total of approximately \$12 million in export duties. In April 2014, Besra received formal notification from Vietnam Ministry of Finance that the export tax assessments against Bong Mieu Gold Mining Company and Phuoc Son Gold Mining Company has been repealed.

After balance date the Company received a notice to cure from Euro Pacific on behalf of holders of its 9% unsecured convertible redeemable notes due 26 March 2014. Pursuant to the notice to cure, Euro Pacific has noted the Company in default for failure to pay the principal of CAD6,356,499 (\$5,720,849 at March 31, 2014) plus outstanding interest of CAD476,716 (\$429,044 at March 31, 2014) due on the Notes and has given 30 days for the Company to cure the default. The cure period as set out in the notice to cure Euro Pacific delivered to the Company expired on 7 May 2014 and the Company was unable to cure the default. The Company has not received notice of any legal action nor is not aware of any pending legal action in this respect. Besra is currently in discussions with the Investor Representative, Euro Pacific, over potential restructuring of the notes. If the note holders do not agree to a restructuring or extension, the Directors may consider pursuing a formal restructuring under statutory protection from creditors.

In Vietnam, the company is expecting to shortly receive formal approval from the Quang Nam taxation department for a two year deferral of Bong Mieu tax payments, owing to hardship caused by typhoon damage late last year. A similar separate application has also been made on behalf of Phuoc Son, although a response on that matter is expected at a later date.

Other Financial Matters

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements.

Use of Financial Instruments

The Company has not entered into any financial agreements to minimize its investment, currency or commodity market risk. The principal financial instruments affecting the Company's financial condition and results of operations are currently its cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The excess cash is deposited in interest bearing bank deposit accounts with maturities of three months or less from the date of deposit. The gold produced in Vietnam is refined in Vietnam and certified in Switzerland. From June 28, 2010 gold was sold on the spot market in US dollars via Auramet Trading, LLC Fort Lee, New Jersey (previously sold at the London Bullion Market a.m. Fixing).

Common Shares

As of March 31, 2014, the Company had issued and outstanding 378,781,274 common shares. Subsequent to March 31, 2014, the Company did not buy back or cancel any further shares.

Regulatory Update

Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

It should be noted that a control system, no matter how well conceived or operated, can only provide reasonable assurance, not absolute assurance, that the objectives of the control system are met. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with policies and procedures may deteriorate.

Management, including our Chief Executive Officer, assessed the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2014. In making this assessment, management used the criteria set forth in the Internal Control Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on its assessment, management has concluded that, as of March 31, 2014, the Company has sufficient personnel with the required experience and capabilities to complete all necessary control procedures associated with financial reporting and that the Company's internal controls over financial reporting were considered effective in terms of National Instrument 52-109 of the Canadian Securities Administrators.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer, as of the end of the period covered in this report, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures and determined that as of March 31, 2014, the general design and operation of our disclosure controls were satisfactory.

Regulatory Reporting in the United States

The Company's common shares are listed and posted for trading on the over-the-counter market in the United States. This allows US residents to trade the Company's common shares efficiently.

Cautionary Note to US Investors Concerning Estimates of Measured, Indicated and Inferred Resources

This MD&A uses the term "measured and indicated resources". We advise US investors that while those terms are recognized and required by Canadian regulations, the US Securities and Exchange Commission does not recognize them. US investors are cautioned not to assume that any part or all of the mineral deposits in these categories will ever be converted into reserves.

This MD&A uses the term "inferred resources". We advise US investors that while this term is recognized and required by Canadian regulations, the US Securities and Exchange Commission does not recognize it. "Inferred resources" have a great uncertainty as to their existence, and great uncertainty as to their economic and legal feasibility. It cannot be assumed that all or any part of an Inferred Mineral Resource will ever be upgraded to a higher category. Under Canadian rules, estimates of Inferred Mineral Resources may not form the basis of feasibility or prefeasibility studies, except in rare cases. US investors are cautioned not to assume that part or all of an inferred resource exists, or is economically and legally mineable.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty considered by management in preparing the Interim Financial Statements is described in the annual financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Accounting Policies

The accounting policies and methods of computation are consistent with those of the annual financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2013 as described in those annual financial statements.

Changes in Accounting Standards

The Company has reviewed new and revised accounting pronouncements that have been issued. There have been no new or amended International Financing Reporting Standards ("IFRS") or interpretations applicable to the Company which were issued and were effective at July 1, 2013.

NON-IFRS MEASURES

The Company has included non-IFRS measures for "Operating cash cost per gold ounce sold", "Operating cash cost per gold ounce produced" and "All-In Sustaining Costs" in this MD&A to supplement its financial statements which are presented in accordance with IFRS.

The Company believes that these measures provide investors with an improved ability to evaluate the performance of the Company. Non-IFRS measures do not have any standardized meaning prescribed under IFRS. Therefore they may not be comparable to similar measures employed by other companies. The data is intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS.

The Company adopted the World Gold Council guidance regarding the non-GAAP measures "All-In Sustaining Costs" with the exceptions of calculation of sustaining capital and exploration expenditure where the management has decided to use estimated (budgeted) costs of tailings dams, cost of development meters and costs of additional property plant and equipment instead of recommended by the Council cash flow figures.

Operating cash costs per ounce produced (sold) is calculated by total production costs (cost of sales) by gold ounces produced (sold) for the relevant period.

All-in sustaining costs per ounce produced includes operating cash costs, plus a share of corporate administration costs and share-based payment expenses related to Company's operations in Vietnam, plus sales based taxes and government fees, plus an annualized estimate of sustaining capital and exploration expenditure, divided by gold ounces produced for the relevant period. It excludes corporate income tax, reclamation and remediation costs.

Reconciliation of total All-in-costs from continuing operations, as a non-IFRS measure, to the nearest comparable IFRS measure, cost of sales from continuing operations

\$	Three months ended			Nine months ended		
	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013	Diff	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013	Diff
Costs of sales (IFRS)	5,643,429	10,747,697	(47)	36,979,575	30,385,987	22
Inventory adjustment	81,674	2,305,452	(96)	(6,043,516)	5,901,715	(202)
Total production costs	5,725,103	13,053,149	(56)	30,936,059	36,287,702	(15)
Gold produced (oz)	3,943	13,589	(71)	25,918	41,706	(38)
Operating cash costs per ounces produced	1,452	961	51	1,194	870	37
<i>Add costs to calculate All-in Sustaining Costs (per oz):</i>						
- Royalties	183	169	8	153	175	(13)
- Environmental fees	95	83	14	93	70	33
- Export tax	7	—	n/a	30	—	n/a
- Allocated corporate general and administrative expenses	169	71	138	83	71	17
- Allocated share-based compensation	15	22	(32)	11	26	(58)
- Sustaining capital and exploration	164	147	12	164	147	12
All-in sustaining costs	2,085	1,453	43	1,728	1,359	27
Inventory adjustment						
Inventory adjustment due to change in gold inventory (net of depreciation, royalties, export tax and environmental fees)	81,674	2,305,452	(96)	(6,043,516)	1,933,981	n/a
Cost of gold used to settle gold loan	—	—	n/a	—	3,967,734	n/a
Total Inventory Adjustment	81,674	2,305,452	(96)	(6,043,516)	5,901,715	(202)

During the quarter ended March 31, 2014 All-in sustaining costs increased to \$2,085 from \$1,453 in the comparative period ended March 31, 2013. Operating cash costs per gold ounce produced for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 were \$1,452 compared to \$961 for the same period in 2013 mainly due to lower gold production. Export restrictions forced the Company in to exporting dore bars or selling gold in Vietnam, each attributing a 10% export tax and VAT, respectively. Environmental fees (per ounce of gold produced) increased by 14% mainly due to a decrease in denominator of gold production that decreased by 71%. During the quarter ended March 31, 2014 environmental fees decreased to \$373,147 from \$1,161,028 in the comparative period ended March 31, 2013 due to the decrease in volume of ore mined to 43,430 tonnes from 151,390 tonnes in the same period last year. Allocated corporate and administrative expenses decreased in nominal amounts but increased on per ounce of gold produced basis due to a 71% decrease in production compared to the same quarter last year.

During the nine months ended ended March 31, 2014 All-in sustaining costs increased by 27% to \$1,728 from \$1,359 in the comparative period ended March 31, 2013 mainly due to a 38% decrease in gold production. Lower share-based compensation costs are due to fewer options being vested during the reporting periods and expiry of options not being exercised. All-in sustaining costs increased mainly due to a revision of annual production estimate at Phuoc Son and Bong Mieu from 70,000 oz to 34,000 oz offset by the reduction in capital expenditure in Vietnam to align budgeted capital expenditure with new production plans.

Risk Factors and Uncertainties

Readers of this MD&A are encouraged to read the "Risk Factors and Uncertainties" as more fully described in the Company's filings with the Canadian Securities Administrators, including its Annual Report for the period ended June 30, 2013, available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Important risk factors to consider, among others, are

- Ability of the Company to continue as a going concern
- Ability of the Company to raise funds in order to carry out the business
- Commodity Price Volatility
- Uncertainty in the Estimation of Mineral Reserves and Mineral Resources
- Uncertainty of Exploration and Development
- The Company May Not Achieve its Production Estimates

- Environmental Risks and Hazards

Forward-Looking Statements

This report contains certain forward-looking statements relating to, but not limited to, management's expectations, estimates, intentions, plans and beliefs. Forward-looking information can often be identified by forward-looking words such as "anticipate", "believe", "expect", "project", "goal", "plan", "intend", "budget", "estimate", "may" and "will" or similar words suggesting future outcomes, or other expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, assumptions, intentions or statements about future events or performance. Forward-looking information may include, but is not limited to, statements regarding: reserve and resource estimates; estimates of future production; unit costs, costs of capital projects and timing of commencement of operations; production and recovery rates; financing needs, the availability of financing on acceptable terms or other sources of funding, if needed; and the timing of additional tests, feasibility studies and environmental or other permitting.

Forward-looking statements should not be construed as guarantees of future performance. The forward-looking statements contained herein are based on our management's current expectations, estimates, assumptions, opinion and analysis in light of its experience that, while considered reasonable at the time, may turn out to be incorrect or involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors inherently subject to a number of business and economic risks and uncertainties and contingencies that could cause actual results to differ materially from any forward-looking statement. These risks, uncertainties and other factors include, but are not limited to, the following: failure to establish estimated resources and reserves; the grade and recovery of ore which is mined varying from estimates; capital and operating costs varying significantly from estimates; delays in obtaining or failures to obtain required governmental, environmental or other project approvals; changes in national and local government legislation, taxation or regulations, political or economic developments; the ability to obtain financing on favorable terms or at all; inflation; changes in currency exchange rates; fluctuations in commodity prices; delays in the development of projects; and other risks that we set forth in our filings with applicable securities regulatory authorities from time to time and available at www.sedar.com or www.sec.gov/edgar.

Due to the inherent risks associated with our business, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking information. By its nature, forward-looking information involves numerous assumptions, inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, that contribute to the possibility that the predictions, forecasts, projections and various future events will not occur. We disclaim any intention or obligation to update publicly or otherwise revise any forward-looking information whether as a result of new information, future events or other such factors which affect this information, except as required by applicable laws.

Technical Information and Qualified Person

The technical information in this MD&A that relates to Exploration Results, Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves is based on information compiled by Mr. Graeme Fulton, who is a Member of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr. Fulton has sufficient experience, which is relevant to the style of mineralization and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a "Competent Person", as defined in the 2012 Edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserve" and to qualify as a "Qualified Person" as defined in National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects of the Canadian Securities Administrators. Mr. Fulton is a full-time consultant to the Company and is not "independent" within the meaning of National Instrument 43-101. Mr. Fulton consents to the inclusion in this report of the technical information in the form and context in which it appears.

Mr. Fulton verified the data disclosed, including sampling, analytical and test data underlying the information contained herein. For a description of Besra's data verification process, quality assurance program and quality control measure applied, the type of analytical or testing procedures utilized, sample size, name and location of testing laboratories, the effective date of the mineral resource and ore reserve estimates contained herein, details of the key assumptions, parameters and methods used to estimate the mineral resources and ore reserves set out in this report, any known environmental, political, legal, title, or other risks that could materially affect the potential development of the mineral resources or ore reserves, readers are directed to the technical reports entitled "A Technical Review of the Bong Mieu Gold Project in Quang Nam Province, Vietnam" in September 2004, "Technical Review of the Bong Mieu Gold Project in Quang Nam Province, Vietnam" in August 2007 and "Updated Technical Review of Bong Mieu Gold Project in Quang Nam Province, Vietnam" dated April 2009 in relation to the Bong Mieu Gold Project, and the technical reports entitled "A Technical Review of the Phuoc Son Gold Project in Quang Name Province, Vietnam" dated January 2004 and "Technical Report on the Phuoc Son Project in Quang Nam Province, Vietnam" dated March 2008 in relation to the Phuoc Son Gold Project, and the technical report entitled "Technical Report on Bau Project in Bau, Sarawak, East Malaysia" dated August 2010 in relation to the Bau Gold Project.



Notice To The Reader

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014 ("Interim Financial Statements") and all information contained in the management's discussion and analysis have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the management of Besra Gold Inc. and its subsidiaries.

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors, consisting of three members, has reviewed the Interim Financial Statements and related financial reporting matters. The Company's independent auditors, Ernst & Young LLP, Chartered Accountants, have not performed a review of these Interim Financial Statements in accordance with the standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditors.

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Interim Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss)

For the three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014

(US\$) (unaudited)	Note	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
		Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013
Sales		4,860,507	19,812,500	38,869,318	60,528,213
Cost of sales		5,643,429	10,747,697	36,979,575	30,385,987
Royalty expense		734,343	1,950,429	4,886,542	6,945,182
Environmental fees		373,147	1,161,028	2,541,473	2,897,552
Corporate and administrative expenses		716,799	1,866,729	3,208,860	5,300,082
Share-based compensation	21	89,266	468,578	425,462	1,734,118
Exploration costs		(12,454)	189,503	301,021	818,370
Depreciation and amortization		1,020,335	4,162,299	8,032,346	14,487,628
Care and maintenance costs		593,132	—	871,915	—
Impairment charges	9-12	2,264,145	—	21,486,198	—
Finance charges	8	2,319,697	(410,857)	7,295,211	5,657,314
		13,741,839	20,135,406	86,028,603	68,226,233
Loss for the period before income tax		(8,881,332)	(322,906)	(47,159,285)	(7,698,020)
Income tax expense		(339,286)	237,735	198,948	1,129,179
Total comprehensive loss for the period		(8,542,046)	(560,641)	(47,358,233)	(8,827,199)
Attributable to:					
Equity owners		(7,167,592)	(579,825)	(40,870,829)	(8,955,205)
Non-controlling interest		(1,374,454)	19,184	(6,487,404)	128,006
Loss per share attributable to equity owners					
Basic	7	(0.019)	(0.002)	(0.108)	(0.024)
Diluted	7	(0.019)	(0.002)	(0.108)	(0.024)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim financial statements

Interim Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at March 31, 2014

US\$ (unaudited)	Note	Mar 31, 2014	Jun 30, 2013
ASSETS			
Current			
Cash and cash equivalents	13	485,738	4,062,045
Tax and other receivables	14	2,009,314	1,714,355
Inventories	15	4,433,631	12,224,852
Prepaid expenses		806,595	1,614,240
		7,735,278	19,615,492
Non-current			
Property, plant & equipment	9	6,141,125	17,231,269
Deferred exploration expenditure	10	19,607,190	20,955,054
Deferred development expenditure	11	—	6,216,049
Mine properties	12	32,649,168	36,989,031
Other long-term assets		1,243,633	352,603
		59,641,116	81,744,006
TOTAL ASSETS		67,376,394	101,359,498
LIABILITIES			
Current			
Provisions	16	1,498,407	1,450,071
Tax and trade payables	17	34,062,209	27,429,290
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	18	8,262,091	6,981,965
Convertible notes	18	7,224,765	5,353,217
		51,047,472	41,214,543
Non-current			
Provisions	16	1,940,688	1,404,846
Derivative financial liabilities	19	772,000	882,850
Convertible notes	18	11,258,155	9,803,088
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	18	18,062,754	16,645,179
Deferred tax liabilities		6,567,342	6,717,486
		38,600,939	35,453,449
TOTAL LIABILITIES		89,648,411	76,667,992
EQUITY			
Issued capital and reserves	20	129,784,918	129,390,208
Deficit		(145,228,656)	(104,357,827)
		(15,443,738)	25,032,381
Non-controlling interest		(6,828,279)	(340,875)
TOTAL EQUITY		(22,272,017)	24,691,506
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		67,376,394	101,359,498
Commitments, contingencies and contractual obligations	23		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim financial statements

Interim Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the nine months ended March 31, 2014

US\$ (unaudited)	Issued Capital	Deficit	Reserves (note 20)	Non-Controlling Interest	Total Equity
Balance at July 1, 2013	135,182,292	(104,357,827)	(5,792,084)	(340,875)	24,691,506
Loss for the period	—	(40,870,829)	—	(6,487,404)	(47,358,233)
Share capital cancelled	(30,752)	—	—	—	(30,752)
Share-based payments (note 21)	—	—	425,462	—	425,462
Balance at March 31, 2014	135,151,540	(145,228,656)	(5,366,622)	(6,828,279)	(22,272,017)

For the nine months ended March 31, 2013

US\$ (unaudited)	Issued Capital	Deficit	Reserves (note 20)	Non-Controlling Interest	Total Equity
Balance at July 1, 2012	135,134,697	(81,103,158)	(5,638,890)	2,169,412	50,562,061
(Loss) income for the period	—	(8,955,205)	—	128,006	(8,827,199)
Share capital canceled	(30,752)	—	—	—	(30,752)
Share-based payments (note 21)	—	—	1,734,118	—	1,734,118
Investment in subsidiary	—	—	(1,647,683)	(352,317)	(2,000,000)
Balance at March 31, 2013	135,103,945	(90,058,363)	(5,552,455)	1,945,101	41,438,228

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim financial statements

Interim Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
For the three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014

US\$ (unaudited)	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Loss for the period after tax	(8,542,046)	(560,641)	(47,358,233)	(8,827,199)
<i>Items not affecting cash</i>				
Depreciation and amortization	1,020,335	4,162,299	8,032,346	14,487,628
Impairment charges	2,264,145	—	21,486,198	—
Loss on gold loan principal repayment	—	—	—	1,201,507
Loss of disposal of capital assets	—	—	—	10,637
Stock-based compensation expense	89,266	468,578	425,462	1,734,117
Deferred income tax	(387,705)	39,051	59,134	266,467
Deferred issuance costs	—	—	—	3,535,346
Derivatives revaluation	(53,000)	(2,694,750)	(110,850)	(7,573,815)
Interest and accretion of term loans	2,868,367	2,756,056	7,834,980	5,331,299
Unrealized foreign exchange	(701,753)	(411,296)	(1,258,476)	(274,511)
ARO accretion adjustment	34,362	23,451	97,698	84,998
Other non-cash adjustments	—	—	29,499	—
<i>Changes in non-cash working capital balances</i>				
Trade and other receivables and other financial assets	146,175	(705,515)	231,450	50,082
Trade and other payables	2,232,914	271,461	5,431,643	4,980,038
Inventory	915,592	(3,290,739)	7,095,896	(7,425,615)
Cash provided by operating activities	(113,348)	57,955	1,996,747	7,580,979
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Deferred exploration and development costs	(463,741)	(2,300,448)	(2,996,410)	(7,298,619)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	—	(992,752)	(2,001,007)	(2,062,507)
Investment in subsidiary	—	(1,400,000)	(650,000)	(2,000,000)
Cash used in investing activities	(463,741)	(4,693,200)	(5,647,417)	(11,361,126)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Repayment of the secured bank loan	(1,188,999)	(1,285,398)	(8,741,470)	(1,746,398)
Proceeds from the secured bank loan	1,308,578	5,000,000	8,811,031	6,744,781
Purchase of shares through share buy-back	—	(30,752)	—	(30,752)
Finance lease payments	—	—	—	(829,712)
Proceeds from options and warrants exercised	—	—	—	—
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities	119,579	3,683,850	69,561	4,137,919
(Decrease) increase in cash during the period	(457,510)	(951,395)	(3,581,109)	357,772
Cash - beginning of the period	939,699	4,723,557	4,062,045	3,397,728
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash	3,549	(7,411)	4,802	9,251
Cash - end of the period	485,738	3,764,751	485,738	3,764,751
Supplemental information				
Interest paid	117,297	76,908	379,048	2,549,297
Income taxes paid	—	—	—	511,961

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim financial statements

1. Corporate Information

The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements ("Interim Financial Statements") of Besra Gold Inc. (the "Company" or "Besra") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") for the three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014 were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Company's Audit Committee on May 8, 2014. Besra is a corporation continued under the Canada Business Corporation Act with its registered office located and domiciled in Toronto, Ontario, Canada whose shares are publicly traded on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX"), the Australian Securities Exchange ("ASX") and the OTCQX Bulletin Board in the United States of America.

The principal activities of the Group are the exploration, development, mining of mineral properties in South East Asia. The Company has four key properties: the Bau Goldfield in East Malaysia, Bong Mieu and Phuoc Son in Central Vietnam, and Capcapo in the Philippines.

2. Statement of Compliance

These Financial Statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting. The Interim Financial Statements do not include all of the information and disclosure required in the annual financial statements, and should therefore be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2013, which have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

The Interim Financial Statements are presented in United States ("US") dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

Where necessary, comparatives have been reclassified to maintain consistency and comparability with current period figures.

3. Material Uncertainty in Relation to Going Concern

During the three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014, the Group incurred a net loss of \$8,542,046 and \$47,358,233, respectively. As at March 31, 2014 the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by \$43,312,194 and contractual commitments amounted to \$14,569,361. As a result, there is a substantial doubt regarding the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern depends upon its ability to resume profitable operations and to access public debt or equity capital in the ordinary course. No assurance can be given that such capital will be available at all or on terms acceptable to the Company.

These Interim Financial Statements were prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost basis, which assumes the Company will continue its operations for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities and commitments in the ordinary course of business. In assessing whether the going concern assumption is appropriate, management takes into account all available information about the future, which is at least, but not limited to, twelve months from the end of the reporting period. A going concern basis was assessed using a cashflow forecast for the next 12 months from the date of these financial statements. The forecast includes the following key assumptions and strategies:

- Renegotiate the agreement with the 9% CAD convertible note holders where the company is in default for payment of principal of CAD\$6.3m which was due in March 2014 and the related interest which was due in November 2013 and on maturity in March 2014 in order to extend the settlement date of the notes.
- Renegotiate the agreement with other convertible note and gold-linked loan holders where the company is in default for payment of interest which was due in November 2013.
- Restoring production from Vietnam to above 45,000 ounces of gold per annum.
- The Group being able to successfully negotiate a deferment of royalty and tax payments due to the Vietnam tax department.
- Receiving settlement of the proceeds from the Vietnam business interruption insurance claim related to the November typhoons.
- Receiving confirmation of a revised basis of calculating environment fees in Vietnam.
- The renewal of the existing overdraft facilities with Vietcom Bank and Vietabank in Vietnam.
- Realizing a gold sale price above US\$1,200 per ounce.
- The need to secure sufficient funds either through debt, equity or asset sales in order to maintain sufficient levels of working capital and to meet its obligations to creditors.

The company is actively pursuing a range of financing and refinancing options. If the fund raising is not completed by the end of June 2014 Besra's board may reevaluate continuing operations. No allowance for such circumstances has been made in these Interim Financial Statements.

4. Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of these Interim Financial Statements for the Group in conformity with IAS 34 requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of the Interim Financial Statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are prepared by appropriately qualified people and based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates.

Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty considered by management in preparing the Interim Financial Statements is described in the annual financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2013.

5. Accounting Policies, New Standards and Interpretations

The accounting policies and methods of computation are consistent with those of the annual financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2013 as described in those annual financial statements.

The Company has reviewed new and revised accounting pronouncements that have been issued. There have been no new or amended IFRS or interpretations applicable to the Group which were issued and were effective at July 1, 2013.

6. Segment Analysis

For management purposes, the Group is organized into one business segment and has two reportable segments based on geographic area as follows:

- The Company's Vietnamese operations produce doré bars and gold bullion through its Bong Mieu and Phuoc Son subsidiaries.
- The Malaysian operation is engaged in the exploration and evaluation of gold properties with an intention to develop them into producing assets.

Management monitors the operating results of its reportable segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss, as well as mine development, and is measured consistently with operating profit or loss in the Financial Statements. However, group financing (including finance costs and finance income) and income taxes are managed on a group basis and are not allocated to operating segments.

All revenues are transacted via one merchant on behalf of external customers unknown to the Group.

\$	Property, plant and equipment	Deferred exploration expenditure	Deferred development expenditure	Mine properties	Other non-current assets	Total non-current assets	Current assets	Liabilities
Mar 31, 2014								
Vietnam	5,768,068	3,681,950	—	1,372,731	593,633	11,416,382	7,251,501	39,899,508
Malaysia	201,936	15,925,240	—	31,276,437	650,000	48,053,613	118,109	6,912,141
Other	171,121	—	—	—	—	171,121	365,668	42,836,762
Total	6,141,125	19,607,190	—	32,649,168	1,243,633	59,641,116	7,735,278	89,648,411
Jun 30, 2013								
Vietnam	16,466,502	8,060,103	6,216,049	3,438,805	91,003	34,272,462	18,765,947	34,332,131
Malaysia	120,916	14,618,740	—	31,276,437	—	46,016,093	147,995	6,970,128
Other	643,851	—	—	550,000	—	1,193,851	963,150	35,365,733
Total	17,231,269	22,678,843	6,216,049	35,265,242	91,003	81,482,406	19,877,092	76,667,992

\$	Three months ended				Nine months ended			
	Mar 31, 2014		Mar 31, 2013		Mar 31, 2014		Mar 31, 2013	
	Revenue	Segment income (loss) after tax	Revenue	Segment income (loss) after tax	Revenue	Segment income (loss) after tax	Revenue	Segment income (loss) after tax
Vietnam	4,860,507	(7,434,422)	19,812,500	1,451,023	38,869,318	(39,254,240)	60,528,213	4,556,221
Malaysia	—	(48,809)	—	(11,718)	—	(977,117)	—	(50,853)
Other	—	(1,058,815)	—	(1,999,946)	—	(7,126,876)	—	(13,332,567)
Total	4,860,507	(8,542,046)	19,812,500	(560,641)	38,869,318	(47,358,233)	60,528,213	(8,827,199)

7. Earnings Per Share

Three months ended	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013
Basic Earnings per Share Attributable to Equity Owners				
Loss for the period (\$)	(7,167,592)	(579,825)	(40,870,829)	(8,955,205)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	378,781,274	378,752,653	378,810,435	378,771,814
Basic Earnings per Share Attributable to Equity Owners (\$)	(0.019)	(0.002)	(0.108)	(0.024)
Diluted Earnings per Share Attributable to Equity Owners				
Net loss used to calculate diluted earnings per share (\$)	(7,167,592)	(579,825)	(40,870,829)	(8,955,205)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	378,781,274	378,752,653	378,810,435	378,771,814
Dilutive effect of stock options outstanding (\$)	—	110,262	—	116,939
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding used to calculate diluted earnings per share	378,781,274	378,862,915	378,810,435	378,888,753
Diluted loss per share (\$)	(0.019)	(0.002)	(0.108)	(0.024)

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the net loss for the period attributable to the equity owners of Besra by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period.

Diluted earnings per share is based on basic loss per share adjusted for the potential dilution if share options and warrants are exercised and the convertible notes are converted into common shares.

8. Finance Expenses

\$	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013
Interest on convertible notes and gold-linked loans	921,941	955,633	2,711,602	3,032,563
Accretion on convertible notes and gold-linked notes	1,535,223	1,389,739	4,467,909	4,302,857
Interest expense, net	576,453	357,228	1,455,865	847,086
Derivative - fair value revaluations	(53,000)	(2,694,750)	(110,850)	(7,573,815)
Foreign exchange gain, net	(691,382)	(418,707)	(1,367,813)	(203,949)
Financing costs	30,462	—	138,498	4,051,065
Gain on gold loan principal repayment	—	—	—	1,201,507
Total	2,319,697	(410,857)	7,295,211	5,657,314

9. Property, Plant and Equipment

\$	Land & buildings	Plant & equipment	Infrastructure	Capital assets in progress	Total
Cost					
Balance at July 1, 2013	3,522,005	34,734,453	21,436,075	1,453,918	61,146,451
Additions	—	1,128,072	648,916	1,014,019	2,791,007
Disposals	(11,096)	(582,008)	(12,028)	(43,075)	(648,207)
Reclassifications	465,280	91,854	1,462,208	(2,019,342)	—
Translation adjustments	34	2,029	—	—	2,063
Balance at March 31, 2014	3,976,223	35,374,400	23,535,171	405,520	63,291,314
Accumulated depreciation					
Balance at July 1, 2013	(1,928,513)	(18,990,629)	(10,964,649)	—	(31,883,791)
Depreciation charge for the period	(193,204)	(1,915,803)	(1,187,749)	—	(3,296,756)
Disposals	—	549,248	2,022	—	551,270
Translation adjustments	22	(1,727)	—	—	(1,705)
Balance at March 31, 2014	(2,121,695)	(20,358,911)	(12,150,376)	—	(34,630,982)
Impairment provision as at July 1, 2013	(589,065)	(6,669,982)	(4,336,120)	(436,224)	(12,031,391)
Reclassification	(11,560)	(3,110)	(319,254)	333,924	—
Impairment charge	(772,815)	(5,154,220)	(4,399,210)	(189,118)	(10,515,363)
Utilization of provision	—	—	—	27,547	27,547
Impairment provision as at March 31, 2014	(1,373,440)	(11,827,312)	(9,054,584)	(263,871)	(22,519,207)
Net carrying amount					
Balance at July 1, 2013	1,004,427	9,073,842	6,135,306	1,017,694	17,231,269
Balance at March 31, 2014	481,088	3,188,177	2,330,211	141,649	6,141,125

Management has assessed indicators of impairment related to the Phuoc Son and Bong Mieu projects and its associated assets and used a discounted cash flow model to calculate the value in use. A preliminary impairment charge in the amount of \$10,515,363 was recognized during the quarter ended December 31, 2013 on property, plant and equipment associated with the Bai Dat and Bai Go projects at Phuoc Son and the Nui Kem project at Bong Mieu. The assessment of an exact terminal value amount related to Phuoc Son and Bong Mieu assets will be finalised during the quarter ending June 30, 2014 and an adjustment to the above impairment charge if material will be recorded.

Property, plant and equipment valued at \$4.2m related to Phuoc Son subsidiary in Vietnam was pledged as security for two Vietnamese bank loans (Note 18).

10. Deferred Exploration Expenditure

\$	Bong Mieu	Phuoc Son	North Borneo Gold	Binh Dinh NZ Gold	Total
Cost					
Balance at July 1, 2013	3,682,143	1,870,396	14,618,741	783,774	20,955,054
Additions	—	—	1,306,306	—	1,306,306
Translation adjustment	—	—	—	(2,998)	(2,998)
Balance at March 31, 2014	3,682,143	1,870,396	15,925,047	780,776	22,258,362
Impairment provision as at July 1, 2013	—	—	—	—	—
Impairment charge	—	(1,870,396)	—	(780,776)	(2,651,172)
Impairment provision as at March 31, 2014	—	(1,870,396)	—	(780,776)	(2,651,172)
Net book value					
Balance at July 1, 2013	3,682,143	1,870,396	14,618,741	783,774	20,955,054
Balance at March 31, 2014	3,682,143	—	15,925,047	—	19,607,190

During the nine months ended March 31, 2014 \$1,870,396 and \$780,776 of exploration costs were impaired related to the area outside of current mining license at Phuoc Son and exploration costs incurred by Binh Dinh NZ Gold subsidiary in Vietnam. Management concluded that it would not actively bring those areas into production due to a decreased gold price and an unfavorable tax and regulatory regime in Vietnam.

As the Company did not yet have unencumbered access to the Capcapo property at March 31, 2014, exploration costs incurred to date in respect of this property have been expensed.

11. Deferred Development Expenditure

\$	Bong Mieu	Phuoc Son	Total
Cost			
Balance at July 1, 2013	18,945,784	25,807,694	44,753,478
Additions	252,277	1,316,306	1,568,583
Balance at March 31, 2014	19,198,061	27,124,000	46,322,061
Accumulated amortization			
Balance at July 1, 2013	(8,312,779)	(18,296,257)	(26,609,036)
Amortization for the period	(693,254)	(2,393,605)	(3,086,859)
Balance at March 31, 2014	(9,006,033)	(20,689,862)	(29,695,895)
Impairment provision as at July 1, 2013	(9,066,659)	(2,861,734)	(11,928,393)
Impairment charge	(1,125,369)	(3,572,404)	(4,697,773)
Impairment provision as at March 31, 2014	(10,192,028)	(6,434,138)	(16,626,166)
Net book value			
Balance at July 1, 2013	1,566,346	4,649,703	6,216,049
Balance at March 31, 2014	—	—	—

Management has assessed indicators of impairment related to the Phuoc Son and Bong Mieu projects and its associated assets and used a discounted cash flow model to calculate the value in use. The impairment charge incurred during the nine months ended March 31, 2014 in the amount of \$4,697,773 related to deferred development costs incurred in Vietnam. \$3,572,404 of deferred development costs were impaired related to the core area for the Bai Dat and Bai Go projects at Phuoc Son and \$1,125,369 to the the area of Nui Kem project at Bong Mieu.

12. Mine Properties

\$	Bong Mieu	Phuoc Son	North Borneo Gold	Binh Dinh NZ Gold Co	GR Enmore	Total
Cost as at July 1, 2013	3,538,813	12,578,772	31,276,437	1,333,333	550,000	49,277,355
Additions	142,536	99,432	—	—	—	241,968
Cost as at March 31, 2014	3,681,349	12,678,204	31,276,437	1,333,333	550,000	49,519,323
Accumulated amortization as at July 1, 2013	(2,130,468)	(7,334,684)	—	—	—	(9,465,152)
Amortization for the period	(39,718)	(920,224)	—	—	—	(959,942)
Accumulated amortization as at March 31, 2014	(2,170,186)	(8,254,908)	—	—	—	(10,425,094)
Impairment provision as at July 1, 2013	(91,070)	(2,732,102)	—	—	—	(2,823,172)
Impairment charge	(47,362)	(1,691,194)	—	(1,333,333)	(550,000)	(3,621,889)
Impairment provision as at March 31, 2014	(138,432)	(4,423,296)	—	(1,333,333)	(550,000)	(6,445,061)
Net book value						
Balance at July 1, 2013	1,317,275	2,511,986	31,276,437	1,333,333	550,000	36,989,031
Balance at March 31, 2014	1,372,731	—	31,276,437	—	—	32,649,168

The Company's exploration and mining licenses related to the above mine properties are of a fixed term. Prior to the expiry of any of its exploration or mining licenses, the Company files applications in the ordinary course to renew those licenses that it deems necessary or advisable for the continued operation of its business.

Bong Mieu Gold Property

The Bong Mieu gold property consists of the Ho Gan open-pit and underground deposits, the Nui Kem underground mine and the Ho Ray -Thac Trang deposit. The Ho Gan underground operation was closed in August 2012 due to low grade. Nui Kem has been in commercial production since 2009. Ho Ray Thac Trang is at the feasibility stage. The property contains multiple gold mineralization zones that are

being explored for additional resources. Management has assessed indicators of impairment related to the Bong Mieu project and its associated assets and used a discounted cash flow model to calculate the value in use. The preliminary impairment charge incurred during the nine months ended March 31, 2014 in the amount of \$47,362 related to the Nui Kem project. The assessment of an exact terminal value amount related to Bong Mieu assets will be finalised during the next quarter ending June 30, 2014 and an adjustment to the above impairment charge if material will be recorded.

Phuoc Son Gold Property

The Phuoc Son Gold Project hosts the Dak Sa Shear Zone containing the underground mines, Bai Dat and Bai Go which have been in commercial production since 2009 and 2011, respectively. The process plant, also within the Dak Sa Shear Zone, was brought into commercial production in July 2011. The property contains multiple gold mineralization zones that are being explored for additional resources. Management has assessed indicators of impairment related to the Phuoc Son project and its associated assets and used a discounted cash flow model to calculate the value in use. The impairment charge incurred during the nine month period ended March 31, 2014 in the amount of \$1,691,194 related to the Bai Dat and Bai Go projects at Phuoc Son.

Bau Gold Project

The Bau property is a brown-field project, spread over a large geographic area in which the Company is in consortium with a Malaysian company with material Bumiputra interests that owns rights to consolidated mining tenements covering much of the historic Bau Goldfield in Sarawak, East Malaysia. The Bau Gold Project comprises consolidated mining and exploration tenements that collectively cover more than 1,340km² of the most highly prospective ground within the historic Bau Gold Project. The Company has completed the feasibility study for stage 1 and released in January 2014. Besra has agreed to acquire a further 7.94% of North Borneo Gold over the next three years from the Malaysian joint venture partner, bringing the total effective holding to 93.55%.

Capcapo Gold Property

The Capcapo Gold Property is located in Abra Province approximately 80km north of the prolific Baguio-Mankayan Gold District in the Northern Philippines. Besra, in consortium with a Philippine company controlled by Philippines nationals, has an option to acquire up to a 60% interest in the Capcapo Gold Project. Capcapo is a large relatively unexplored project analogous to productive deposits within the nearby Baguio mining district. Ore grade Au-Cu mineralization outcrops at surface and drilling indicates grade increases at depth.

Tien Thuan Gold Property

The Tien Thuan Gold Project lies approximately 50km west of the port city of Quy Nhon in Binh Dinh Province in Southern Vietnam. The project area broadly encompasses about 100km² of hilly terrain containing numerous hard rock and alluvial gold occurrences, within and peripheral to a large, multiphase intrusive complex of predominately felsic composition. \$1,333,333 of mine property costs were impaired related to the Tien Thuan Gold property in Vietnam during the quarter ended December 31, 2013. The management concluded that it would not actively bring those areas into production due to a decreased gold price and an unfavorable tax and regulatory regime in Vietnam.

Enmore Gold Property

The GR Enmore Gold Project covers approximately 325km² within the Enmore-Melrose Goldfield of northeastern New South Wales, Australia. Besra holds a 100% interest in one exploration license covering 158.76km² and is earning an 80% interest in two exploration licenses covering 35.28km². \$550,000 of mine property costs were impaired related to GR Enmore in Australia during the quarter ended December 31, 2013. The management concluded that it would not actively bring the area into production due to a decreased gold price and unfavorable economic conditions of the Company.

13. Cash and Cash Equivalents

\$ As at	Mar 31, 2014	Jun 30, 2013
Cash at banks and on hand	368,249	3,469,528
Short-term deposits	117,489	341,625
Restricted cash at banks	—	250,892
Total	485,738	4,062,045

14. Tax and Other Receivables

\$ As at	Mar 31, 2014	Jun 30, 2013
VAT and GST receivable	1,841,610	1,241,484
Deposits	136,466	446,859
Other receivables	31,238	26,012
Total	2,009,314	1,714,355

15. Inventories

\$ As at	Mar 31, 2014	Jun 30, 2013
Doré bars and gold bullion	576,098	5,596,937
Gold in circuit	476,257	1,764,700
Ore in stockpiles	61,280	515,066
Mine operating supplies & spares	4,289,048	4,902,159
Obsolescence provision	(969,052)	(554,010)
Total	4,433,631	12,224,852

During the quarter ended March 31, 2014 the Company reassessed its methodology for obsolescence provision calculation to better reflect a realisable value of stock at balance date. All obsolescence provision relates to Company's mine operating supplies and spares.

16. Provisions

\$	Asset retirement obligations	Employee entitlements	Other	Total
Balance at July 1, 2013	1,865,466	678,372	311,079	2,854,917
Arising during the period	640,108	285,464	257,544	1,183,116
Adjustment to ARO	(30,072)	—	—	(30,072)
Accretion	97,699	—	—	97,699
Utilization	(36,265)	(281,320)	(311,781)	(629,366)
Translation adjustment	—	(25,496)	(11,703)	(37,199)
Balance at March 31, 2014	2,536,936	657,020	245,139	3,439,095
Current	596,248	657,020	245,139	1,498,407
Non-current	1,940,688	—	—	1,940,688
Total	2,536,936	657,020	245,139	3,439,095

Asset Retirement Obligations

In accordance with Vietnamese and Malaysian law, land must be restored to its original condition. The Group recognized \$2,812,451 in provisions before discount for this purpose in relation to its operations in Vietnam. Because of the long-term nature of the liability, the biggest uncertainty in estimating the provision relates to the costs that will be incurred. The provisions for asset retirement obligations are based on estimated future costs using information available at balance date. The provision has been calculated using a discount rate of 8 percent. The majority of rehabilitation is expected to occur progressively over the next 5 years. To the extent the actual costs differ from these estimates, adjustments will be recorded and the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income may be impacted. No provision has been calculated for Bau due to its exploration stage.

Employee Entitlements

Employee entitlements include the value of excess leave entitlements allocated over the leave taken by the employees of the Group. These amounts are expected to be utilized as the employees either take their accrued leave or receive equivalent benefits upon ceasing employment. Employee entitlements also include provisions for short-term incentive plan benefits.

Other

Other provisions mainly represent a provision for audit fees that relate to the period but for which the services are generally performed in a future period.

17. Tax and Trade Payables

\$ As at	Mar 31, 2014	Jun 30, 2013
Taxes and government fees payable	17,197,991	12,685,228
Trade payables	12,624,700	10,832,636
Accruals and other payables	4,239,518	3,911,426
Total	34,062,209	27,429,290

18. Interest-Bearing Loans and Borrowings

\$ As at	Mar 31, 2014	Jun 30, 2013
Non-current liabilities		
Convertible notes	11,258,155	9,803,088
Gold-linked notes	18,062,754	16,645,179
Total non-current liabilities	29,320,909	26,448,267
Current liabilities		
Current portion of convertible notes	7,224,765	5,353,217
Current portion of gold-linked notes	1,417,478	206,914
Secured bank loan	6,395,582	6,775,051
Short-term loan 12%	449,031	—
Total current interest bearing loans and borrowings	8,262,091	6,981,965
Total current liabilities	15,486,856	12,335,182

						Face Value	
	Currency	Maturity	Interest Rate (%)	Number of Units	Unpaid interest incl default interest	Mar 31, 2014	Jun 30, 2013
Gold-linked notes (USD)	USD	May-15	8	13,131,898	1,146,324	16,729,967	16,729,967
Gold-linked notes (CAD)	CAD	May-15	8	7,567,264	299,983	4,319,856	4,319,856
9% CAD Convertible notes	CAD	Mar-14	9	5,142,679	499,914	6,356,499	6,356,499
8% CAD Convertible notes	CAD	Apr-15	8	15,000,000	1,025,380	15,000,000	15,000,000
8% USD Convertible notes	USD	May-15	8	1,469,000	100,418	1,469,000	1,469,000
Secured bank loans	USD	Feb-Jun-14	4.5-8	6,395,582	36,917	6,395,582	6,775,051
Short-term loan	USD	May-14	12	—	4,142	444,889	—

After balance date the Company received a notice to cure from Euro Pacific Capital Inc ("Euro Pacific") on behalf of holders of its 9% unsecured convertible redeemable notes due 26 March 2014 (the "Notes"). Pursuant to the notice to cure, Euro Pacific has noted the Company in default for failure to pay the principal of CAD6,356,499 (\$5,746,275 at March 31, 2014) plus outstanding interest of CAD476,716 (\$430,951 at March 31, 2014) due on the Notes and has given 30 days for the Company to cure the default (see note 24).

Interest payments with regard the Convertible notes and Gold-linked notes of \$1,577,132 due in November 2013 and March 2014 is currently in default for payment. During the quarter ended March 31, 2014 the default interest rates ranging from 4% to 6% were accrued in relation to the unpaid interest in the amount of \$64,952 and in relation to the unpaid principal (9% CAD Convertible notes) in the amount of \$11,021.

Besra is currently re-negotiating the terms of the loan to restructure the repayment of outstanding principal and interest. If sufficient funds are not raised within the 30-day cure period, or the note holders do not agree to a further extension based on a remedy proposal from the Company, the Directors may consider pursuing a formal restructuring under statutory protection from creditors (see note 24).

Convertible Notes

At March 31, 2014

Convertible Notes	Conversion Rate per Unit	Total Shares on Conversion
9% CAD Notes	0.42	15,134,521
8% CAD Notes	0.50	30,000,000
8% USD Notes	0.51	2,880,392

The Convertible Note agreements require the Company to meet certain covenants, all of which had been met as at March 31, 2014, except as so non-payment of interest and principal as due. The convertible notes including the affirmative and negative covenants, anti-dilution provision and other provisions that are customary for transactions of this nature.

Short Term Loan

During the quarter ended March 31, 2014, the Company issued three-month secured promissory notes in an aggregate amount of US \$444,889 to three lenders, one of whom is a director of the company. The issuance was approved by the board of directors with one director having declared his conflict of interest and having abstained from voting. 4,448,890 warrants are to be issued to the lending group to acquire common shares at an exercise price of US\$0.05 expiring one year from the date of issuance, subject to all necessary regulatory and shareholders approvals, including the TSX. The loan is secured with a general security interest over the company's assets. Interest is payable at 12%. The carrying amount of the loan was \$449,031 as at March 31, 2014 (nil as at June 30, 2013).

Secured Bank Loan

In December 2012, Phuoc Son Gold Company Limited entered into a loan agreement with a Vietnamese bank for a maximum borrowing of \$4,750,000, to be drawn down as required. The loan term is twelve months from the date of principal drawdown to the date of repayment for each drawdown. The loan was due for repayment on February 8, 2014. In December 2013, Phuoc Son management filed an application with the bank to renew the loan. In March 2014, the application was rejected by the bank. At balance date the loan was in default and negotiations between the local management and the bank are under way. The bank has filed a lawsuit with Phuoc Son district court which is currently pending. The interest rate for the original drawdown before February 8, 2014 was 8 percent per annum. An additional 4% of an overdue interest rate was applied on the overdue principal. The carrying amount of the loan was \$4,750,000 as at March 31, 2014 (\$5,000,000 as at June 30, 2013). The bank loan is secured over plant and equipment of Phuoc Son Gold Mining Company with a net carrying value \$4.2m (Note 9).

On June 21, 2013, Phuoc Son Gold Company Limited entered into a new loan agreement with a Vietnamese bank for a maximum borrowing of \$2,000,000. The new loan term is six months from the date of principal drawdown to the date of repayment for each drawdown. The drawdown could be exercised as required until June 30, 2014. The interest rate currently is 4.5% per annum and may be adjusted upon the notification of the bank. The carrying amount of the loan was \$1,645,582 as at March 31, 2014 (\$1,775,051 as at June 30, 2013). As at March 31, 2014 the earliest repayment date of the drawdowns is May 14, 2014 with an amount of \$124,319.77. The bank loan is secured over plant and equipment of certain assets of Phuoc Son Gold Mining Company (Note 9).

19. Derivative Financial Liabilities

\$ As at	Mar 31, 2014	Jun 30, 2013
Convertible notes - conversion option	25,000	154,850
Convertible notes vested warrants - conversion option	24,000	57,000
Gold-linked notes - gold price participation and put options	723,000	671,000
Total	772,000	882,850
Non-current portion	772,000	882,850
Total	772,000	882,850

Gold-Linked Note Derivatives

Gold-Linked Notes (Amended Gold Loan Notes)

The Gold Price Participation Agreement (GPPA) option and put option features of the Amended Gold Loan Notes are re-valued at each reporting date using the Binominal Lattice option pricing model. The GPPA option of the Amended Gold Loan Notes, a derivative liability of the Company, has a value of \$126,000 at March 31, 2014 (\$116,000 as at June 30, 2013). The put and call option components of the Amended Gold Loan Notes had no value at March 31, 2014 (both nil as at June 30, 2013).

Gold-Linked Notes (Amended Convertible Notes)

Holders of the Amended Convertible Notes are entitled to participate in any increase in the gold price via an increase in the redemption price paid on the maturity date based on the prevailing gold price at the maturity date, May 6, 2015.

The GPPA option features of the amended convertible notes are re-valued at each reporting date using the Binominal Lattice option pricing model. The 2012 GPPA and call option components of the amended USD convertible notes, a derivative liability of the Company, had a value of \$460,000 and nil, respectively, at March 31, 2014 (\$423,000 and nil as at June 30, 2013). The GPPA and call option components of the amended CAD convertible notes, a derivative liability of the Company, had a value of \$137,000 and nil, respectively, at March 31, 2014 (\$132,000 and nil as at June 30, 2013).

Inputs used when valuing the Gold-Linked Notes, put and call option components were:

	Mar 31, 2014	Jun 30, 2013
Gold price per ounce (\$)	1,292	1,204
Exercise price (put options) per ounce (\$)	1,750	1,750
Term to maturity (years)	1.16	1.85
Expected gold volatility (%)	22	20
Annual risk rate (%)	25	23
Risk free rate (gold rate) (%)	0.3	1.7

In valuing the above derivatives management assumes that the default for payment of CAD principal and interest related to Convertible Notes and Gold-Linked Notes will be cured on June 30, 2014

Convertible Note Derivatives

Some of the convertible notes outstanding are denominated in Canadian dollars while others are denominated in US dollars and the associated warrants are denominated in Canadian dollars. The functional reporting currency of the Company is US dollars. As the exercise price of the stock underlying the warrants and conversion feature of the convertible notes denominated in Canadian dollars is not denominated in the Company's functional currency, the contractual obligations arising from the warrants and conversion feature meet the definition of derivatives under IFRS. They are re-valued at each reporting date using the Black-Scholes model for the warrants and a binomial option pricing model for the conversion option, with any change in valuation being recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss).

20. Issued Capital and Reserves

Common Shares

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares with one vote per share and no par value per share.

The movement in the capital stock of the Company for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 was as follows:

Common Shares	Number of Shares	Amount (\$)
Balance at July 1, 2013	378,951,274	135,182,292
Shares canceled during the period	(170,000)	(30,752)
Balance at March 31, 2014	378,781,274	135,151,540

Stock Options

Under the Company's stock option plan, options to purchase shares of the Company may be granted to directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company. The maximum number of shares that may be issued under the new plan is 12 percent (on a non-diluted basis) of the Company's issued and outstanding shares. Options granted under the plan have a maximum term of five years and vesting dates are determined by the Board of Directors on an individual basis at the time of granting.

The following table provides a summary of the stock option activity for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 and the year ended June 30, 2013.

CAD	March 31, 2014		June 30, 2013	
	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price CAD	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price CAD
Outstanding, beginning of the period	44,427,497	0.47	37,882,756	0.47
Expired	(544,233)	0.64	(5,727,671)	0.52
Outstanding, end of the period	43,883,264	0.40	44,427,497	0.40
Options exercisable at the end of the period	43,883,264	0.40	31,891,664	0.47

The following table summarizes information about the stock options outstanding as at March 31, 2014.

Range of exercise price CAD	Options Outstanding			Options Exercisable	
	Number outstanding	Weighted average remaining life (years)	Weighted average exercise price CAD	Number exercisable	Weighted average exercise price CAD
0.20 - 0.29	14,297,500	3.49	0.24	14,297,500	0.24
0.30 - 0.39	4,470,000	3.01	0.33	4,470,000	0.33
0.40 - 0.49	10,717,184	1.71	0.41	10,717,184	0.41
0.50 - 0.59	9,285,558	2.63	0.52	9,285,558	0.52
0.60 - 0.69	2,350,000	1.47	0.60	2,350,000	0.60
0.70 - 0.79	2,763,022	1.88	0.72	2,763,022	0.72
	43,883,264		0.40	43,883,264	0.40

During the nine months ended March 31, 2014, no options were issued to directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company.

Warrants

The following table summarizes warrant activity for the nine month period ended March 31, 2014 and the year ended June 30, 2013.

	March 31, 2014		June 30, 2013	
	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price CAD	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price CAD
Outstanding , at the beginning of the period	36,837,962	0.75	39,508,908	0.75
Granted	4,448,889	0.05	—	—
Expired	(17,547,616)	0.50	(2,670,946)	2.31
Balance at March 31, 2014	23,739,235	0.80	36,837,962	0.75

In February 2014, the Company issued three-month secured promissory notes in an aggregate amount of US\$444,889 to three lenders, one who is a director of the company. 4,448,889 warrants were issued to the lending group to acquire common shares at an exercise price of US\$0.05 expiring one year from the date of issuance, subject to all necessary regulatory and shareholders approvals, including the TSX.

Reserves

The changes in reserves for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 was as follows:

\$	Broker warrants	Foreign currency translation	Equity-based compensation reserve	Investment premium reserve	Other reserves	Total
Balance at July 1, 2013	1,418,045	(2,513,078)	15,036,349	(19,639,773)	(93,627)	(5,792,084)
Share-based payments	—	—	425,462	—	—	425,462
Balance at March 31, 2014	1,418,045	(2,513,078)	15,461,811	(19,639,773)	(93,627)	(5,366,622)

Broker Warrants

This reserve represents broker warrants associated with the 9 percent CAD Convertible Note that was issued in March 2010, the 8 percent CAD Convertible Note that was issued in April 2011 and the 8 percent USD Convertible Note that was issued in May 2011.

Foreign Currency Translation

This reserve originated on January 1, 2009 when the Company changed from reporting in CAD to USD and represents accumulated translation differences on balance sheet translation.

Equity-Based Compensation Reserve

This reserve records movements in share-based compensation.

Investment Premium Reserve

This reserve represents the premium paid on acquisition of a greater equity interest in North Borneo Gold Sdn Bhd.

Other Reserves

This reserve originated in 2009 and represents the tax recovery on expiry of warrants.

21. Share-Based Compensation

No new options were issued during the nine months ended March 31, 2014.

The total share-based compensation expense recognized for stock options during the three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014 is \$89,266 and \$425,462 (three and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2013 - \$468,578 and \$1,734,118).

Equity settled share-based payments are valued at grant date using a Black Scholes model.

Under the Company's stock option plan, options to purchase shares of the Company may be granted to directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company. The maximum number of shares that may be issued under the plan is 12 percent (on a non-diluted basis) of the Company's issued and outstanding shares. Options granted under the plan have a maximum term of five years and vesting dates are determined by the Board of Directors on an individual basis at the time of granting.

22. Related Party Disclosure

The Interim Financial Statements include the financial statements of Besra Gold Inc. and the subsidiaries listed in the following table:

Name	Country of Incorporation	% equity held as at	
		Mar 31, 2014	Jun 30, 2013
Formwell Holdings Ltd	British Virgin Islands	100	100
Bong Mieu Holdings Ltd	Thailand	100	100
Bong Mieu Gold Mining Company Limited	Vietnam	80	80
New Vietnam Mining Corporation	British Virgin Islands	100	100
Phuoc Son Gold Company Limited	Vietnam	85	85
Kadabra Mining Corp.	Philippines	100	100
Besra Vietnam Ltd (formerly Olympus Pacific Minerals Vietnam Ltd)	Vietnam	100	100
Besra NZ Limited (formerly OYMNZ Ltd)	New Zealand	100	100
Besra Labuan Ltd (formerly Olympus Pacific Minerals Labuan Ltd)	Malaysia	100	100
Parnell Cracraft Ltd	British Virgin Islands	100	100
GR Enmore Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Binh Dinh NZ Gold Company Ltd	Vietnam	75	75
North Borneo Gold Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	85.61	85.61
Bau Mining Co Ltd	Samoa	91	91
KS Mining Ltd	Samoa	100	100

Compensation of the key management personnel of the Group was as follows:

\$	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2013
Management fees and salary	435,669	820,689	1,454,729	2,196,269
Share-based compensation	58,110	364,416	285,114	1,230,344
Total compensation of key management	493,779	1,185,105	1,739,843	3,426,613

The amounts disclosed in the table are the amounts recognized as an expense during the reporting period related to the key management personnel.

Directors' Interest in the Stock Option Plan

Stock options held by members of the Board of Directors under the stock option plan to purchase ordinary shares have the following expiry dates and exercises prices:

Issue Date	Expiry Date	Exercise Price CAD\$	Number of Options Outstanding	
			Mar 31, 2014	Jun 30, 2013
Jan-10	Dec-14	0.40	2,073,618	2,073,618
Jun-10	Apr-15	0.42	1,500,000	1,500,000
Jun-10	Apr-15	0.60	1,500,000	1,500,000
Jan-11	Dec-15	0.72	1,068,378	1,068,378
Sept-11	Sept-16	0.53	751,599	751,599
Jan-12	Jan-17	0.42	1,250,000	1,250,000
Feb-12	Feb-17	0.52	3,472,872	3,472,872
Mar-12	Mar-17	0.33	3,015,000	3,015,000
May-12	May-17	0.32	150,000	150,000
Mar-13	Mar-18	0.24	2,425,000	2,425,000
Total			17,206,467	17,206,467

Directors' Interest in the Deferred Share Units Plan

Deferred share units are held by non-executive members of the Board of Directors. Under this plan, fees are paid as deferred share units ("DSUs") whose value is based on the market value of the common shares.

Award year	Units	Value of Units Outstanding (\$)	
		Mar 31, 2014	Jun 30, 2013
2008	116,667	5,454	5,542
2009	120,690	5,642	5,733
Total of deferred share units outstanding	237,357	11,096	11,275

In 2008 the Company set up a deferred share unit plan for the non-executive members of the Board. Under this plan, fees are paid as DSUs whose value is based on the market value of the common shares. Under terms of the plan, the DSU plan will be an unfunded and unsecured plan. The DSU are paid out in cash upon retirement/resignation. Compensation expense for this plan is recorded in the year the payment is earned and changes in the amount of the deferred share unit payments as a result of share price movements are recorded in directors fees in the period of the change. Total DSUs outstanding as at March 31, 2014 were 237,357 units. Liabilities related to this plan are recorded in accrued liabilities and totaled \$11,096 as at March 31, 2014 (as at June 30, 2013 - \$11,275). The DSU plan was discontinued for new grants in 2010.

Short-Term Loan

During the quarter ended March 31, 2014, the Company issued three-month secured promissory notes in an aggregate amount of US \$444,889 to three lenders, one of whom is a director of the company. As at March 31, 2014, the loan from a director including the unpaid interest amounted to \$135,755 (nil as at June 30, 2013). 1,357,550 warrants are to be issued to a director to acquire common shares at an exercise price of US\$0.05 expiring one year from the date of issuance, subject to all necessary regulatory and shareholders approvals, including the TSX.

Companies Controlled by Management

Management compensation incurred on behalf of the Company was paid to companies controlled by officers of the Company. The companies that were paid for management compensation include the following:

Company name	Name	Position
Orangue Holdings Limited	David Seton	Executive Chairman
Dason Investments Limited	David Seton	Executive Chairman
Bolt Solutions Corporation	Darin Lee	Chief Operating Officer
Jura Trust Limited	John Seton	Chief Executive Officer
Whakapai Consulting Ltd	Jane Bell	Chief Financial Officer (resigned April 30, 2014)
Lloyd Beaumont No. 2 Trust	Paul Seton	Chief Commercial Officer

23. Commitments, Contingencies and Contractual Obligations

Balance at March 31, 2014						
Payment Due (\$)	Total	Less than one year	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5 and thereafter
Operating leases	472,338	223,102	118,009	58,323	58,323	14,581
Purchase obligations - supplies & services	3,478,794	3,478,794	—	—	—	—
Purchase obligations - capital	331,294	331,294	—	—	—	—
Acquisition of interest in North Borneo Gold Sdn Bhd	7,750,000	2,750,000	4,000,000	1,000,000	—	—
Asset retirement obligations	2,536,935	596,248	1,085,630	724,141	130,916	—
Total	14,569,361	7,379,438	5,203,639	1,782,464	189,239	14,581

In the normal course of business, the Group is subject to various legal claims. Provisions are recorded where claims are likely and estimable.

Acquisition of Interest in NBG

In 2010 the Company entered into an agreement with Gladioli Enterprises SDN BHD, as amended on May 20, 2011 and January 20, 2012 and amended and restated on May 12, 2013, to acquire up to a 93.55% interest in North Borneo Gold Sdn Bhd (NBG) by September 2015, subject to payments to be made in several tranches of \$7,750,000 in total. The tranche 4a and 4b (first part) which were due on December 2, 2013 and March 3, 2014 were unpaid at March 31, 2014 and amounted to \$1,850,000.

Contingencies

Legal Actions

At balance date Besra faced various legal proceedings and claims with respect to failure in paying suppliers. There can be no assurance that the company will be able to successfully resolve these actions. If the company is unable to raise funds to settle these claims, there exists the possibility of an adverse impact on the company's future cash flows, results of financial performance and to continue as a going concern. Where possible the company has entered into negotiations regarding settlement of these matters.

Tax Disputes

In 2013 the Company disputed tax claims by the Vietnam General Department of Customs ("GDC") against Phuoc Son Gold Company ("PSGC") and Bong Mieu Gold Mining Company ("BMGMC"), Besra's two operating gold companies in Vietnam. The GDC has made an assessment that PSGC and BMGMC should pay a total of approximately 250 billion Vietnamese dong (approximately \$12,000,000) in export duties. In April 2014, Besra received formal notification from Vietnam Ministry of Finance that export tax assessment against Bong Mieu Gold Mining Company and Phuoc Son Gold Mining Company has been repealed.

Capcapo Gold Property

The Company entered a formal joint venture agreement on September 30, 2011 with Abra Mining & Industrial Corporation ("AMIC"), Jabel Corporation ("Jabel"), Kadabra Mining Corporation (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) ("KMC") and PhilEarth Mining Corporation ("PhilEarth") (a Philippine company in the process of incorporation in which the Company will hold a 40% interest) in respect of the Capcapo Gold Property in the Northern Philippines.

Pursuant to the terms of the joint venture agreement, the Company, in consortium with PhilEarth, has an option to acquire up to a 60% interest in the Capcapo Gold Project, Northern Philippines, subject to compliance with Philippine foreign ownership laws. The Company paid to AMIC \$300,000 upon the signing of the joint venture agreement, is required to pay a further \$400,000 upon gaining unencumbered access to the property and may fully exercise its option over three stages of expenditure as follows:

Stage	Expected Expenditures	Payment Due Upon Completion of The Stage
Stage 1	1,000,000	400,000
Stage 2	2,000,000	400,000
Stage 3	4,000,000	n/a

In addition, Jabel will be paid a royalty based on the calculation that yields the highest payment; either 3% of the gross value of production from the Capcapo Gold Project or 6% of the annual profit of the joint venture corporation.

Finally, the Company is also obligated to make milestone payments each time a specified milestone is achieved in respect of the property. The specified milestone occurs at the earlier of defining a cumulative mineral reserve of 2,000,000 ounces of gold and gold equivalents for the property, or upon achievement of a consistent production rate of 2,000 tonnes per day. Accordingly, achieving one milestone does not trigger the obligation to make a subsequent milestone payment if the alternative milestone has been achieved. The milestone payment

to AMIC consists of a \$2,000,000 payment and the issuance of 2,000,000 common shares of the Company or common shares having a market value of \$5,000,000, whichever is of lesser value.

24. Events After Balance Date

In 2013 the Company disputed tax claims by the Vietnam General Department of Customs ("GDC") against Phuoc Son Gold Company ("PSGC") and Bong Mieu Gold Mining Company ("BMGMC"), Besra's two operating gold companies in Vietnam. The GDC had made an assessment that PSGC and BMGMC should pay a total of approximately \$12 million in export duties. In April 2014, Besra received formal notification from Vietnam Ministry of Finance that the export tax assessments against Bong Mieu Gold Mining Company and Phuoc Son Gold Mining Company has been repealed.

After balance date the Company received a notice to cure from Euro Pacific on behalf of holders of its 9% unsecured convertible redeemable notes due 26 March 2014. Pursuant to the notice to cure, Euro Pacific has noted the Company in default for failure to pay the principal of CAD6,356,499 (\$5,720,849 at March 31, 2014) plus outstanding interest of CAD476,716 (\$429,044 at March 31, 2014) due on the Notes and has given 30 days for the Company to cure the default. The cure period as set out in the notice to cure Euro Pacific delivered to the Company expired on 7 May 2014 and the Company was unable to cure the default. The Company has not received notice of any legal action nor is not aware of any pending legal action in this respect. Besra is currently in discussions with the Investor Representative, Euro Pacific, over potential restructuring of the notes. If the note holders do not agree to a restructuring or extension, the Directors may consider pursuing a formal restructuring under statutory protection from creditors.

In Vietnam, the company is expecting to shortly receive formal approval from the Quang Nam taxation department for a two year deferral of Bong Mieu tax payments, owing to hardship caused by typhoon damage late last year. A similar separate application has also been made on behalf of Phuoc Son, although a response on that matter is expected at a later date.

Board of Directors and Senior Officers

Board of Directors

David A. Seton

Executive Chairman

Kevin M. Tomlinson

Deputy Chairman and Lead Independent Director

Leslie G. Robinson

Independent Director

N. Jon Morda

Independent Director

Senior Officers

David A. Seton

Executive Chairman

John A. G. Seton

Chief Executive Officer

S. Jane Bell (resigned April 30, 2014)

Chief Financial Officer

Darin M. Lee

Chief Operating Officer

Paul F. Seton

Chief Commercial Officer

Jeffrey D. Klam

General Counsel & Corporate Secretary

Corporate Information

Corporate Office

Besra Gold Inc.

Suite 500, 10 King Street East

Toronto, Ontario

Canada M5C 1C3

Telephone: 416 572 2525

Toll-Free: 888 902 5522

Facsimile: 416 572 4202

info@besra.com

www.besra.com

Stock Exchange Listings

Toronto Stock Exchange: BEZ

Australian Securities Exchange: BEZ

OTCQX : BSRAF

Inquiries relating to shareholdings should be directed to the Transfer Agent

Transfer Agent

Computershare Investor Services Inc.

9th Floor, 100 University Avenue

Toronto, Ontario

Canada M5J 2Y1

Toll-Free: 800 564 6253 (North America)

Toll-Free: 514 982 7555 (International)

service@computershare.com

www.computershare.com

Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited

Yarra Falls, 452 Johnston Street Abbotsford

Victoria 3067, Australia

Telephone: 61 3 9415 5000

Fax: 61 3 9473 2570

Investor enquiries: 1300 850 505

www.computershare.com

Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP

Chartered Accountants

222 Bay Street, P.O. Box 251

Toronto, Ontario

Canada M5K 1K7

Telephone: 416 864 1234

Facsimile: 416 864 1174